

Single Cycle Processor Data Path

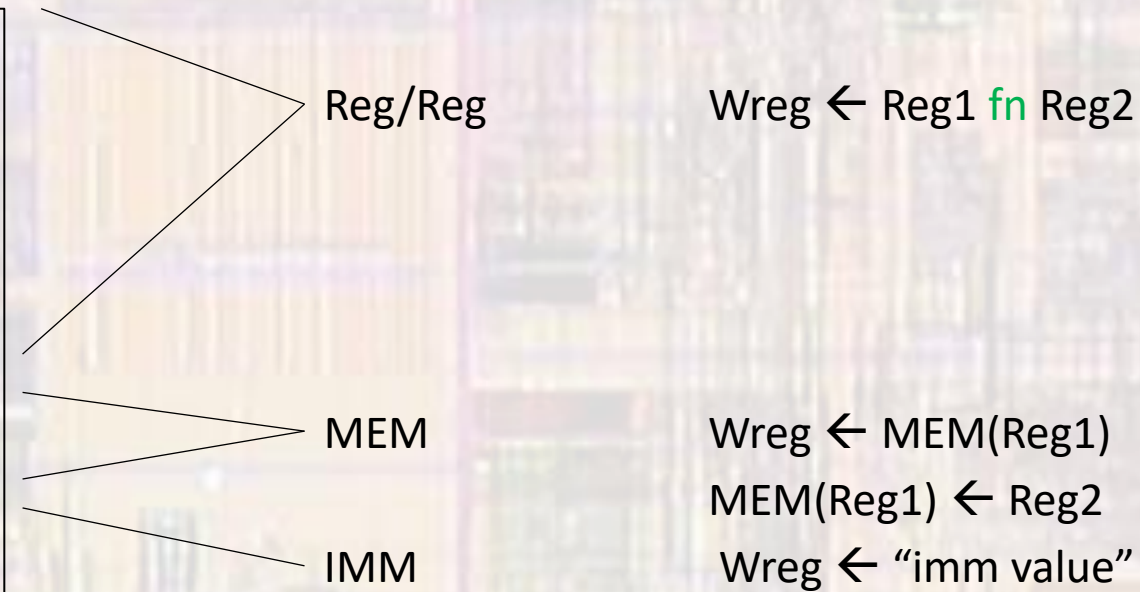
Last updated 4/14/21

Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Instruction Format

Instruction				Reg 1		Reg 2		W Reg		Immediate Value			

or	0000
and	0001
nor	0010
nand	0011
add	0100
sub	0101
slt	0110
ld	1000
st	1001
ldi	1100
nop	1111

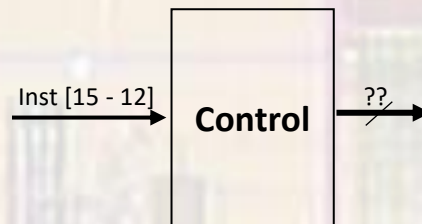


Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Decode / Register Access
 - Instruction Decode
 - Logic to decode the instruction
 - Pull off the relevant bits from the instruction

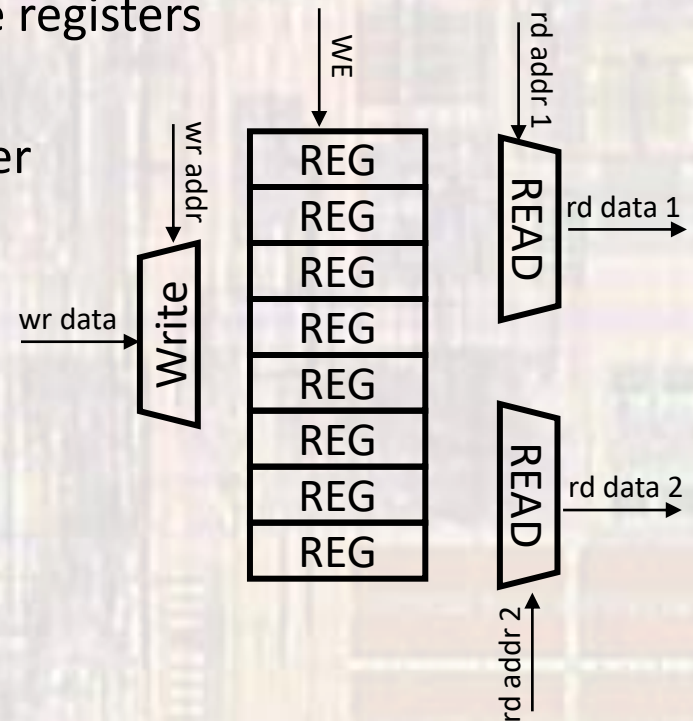
Instruction	Reg 1	Reg 2	W Reg	Immediate Value
0 1 0 1	0 0 0 1	1 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0

- Create logic to drive control signals to other blocks



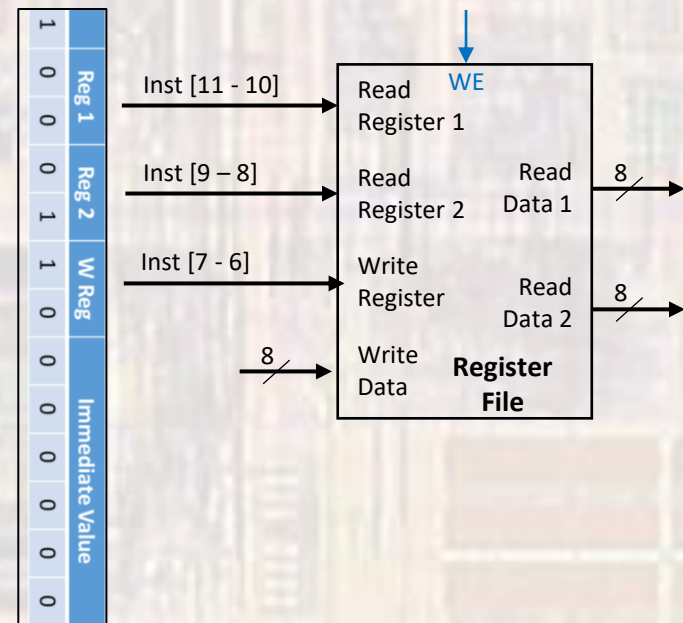
Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Decode / Register Access
 - Register File
 - Series of registers
 - 2 read multiplexors to select one of the registers for one of 2 outputs
 - Write multiplexor to choose one register to write to
 - Write data input
 - Write enable (or WE_b)



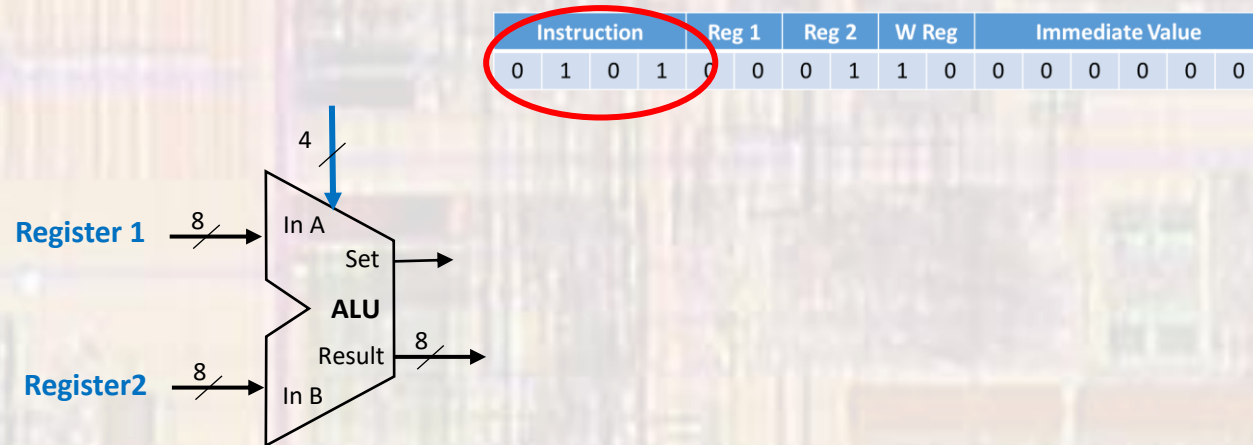
Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Decode / Register Access
 - Register File – implementation comments
 - Instruction bit mapping to select registers
 - Wire specific bits from the instruction to the address ports of the register file.
 - 4 registers → 2 bits of address
 - Each register 8 bits wide
 - No rstb signal



Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Execute
 - ALU executes all arithmetic and logical instructions
 - Inputs are Register outputs
 - Control is decoded from instructions



Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Memory Access



- Load / Store Instructions

- R/W from registers to data memory



- Address

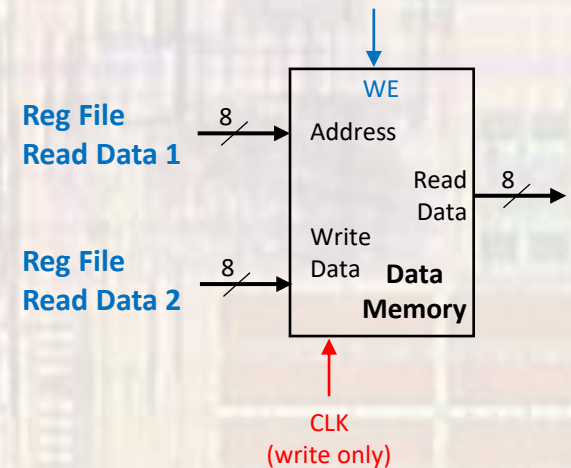
- Pre-stored in one of the registers
- Accessed from reg file “Read Data 1”
- Added to the immediate value in the instruction (zeros)

- Write Data

- Pre-stored in one of the registers
- Accessed from reg file “Read Data 2”
- Synchronous

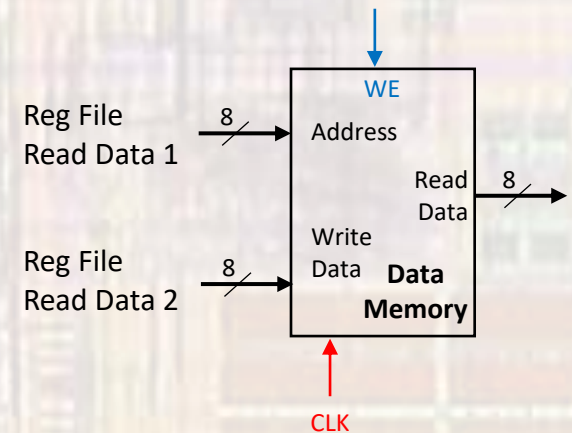
- Read Data

- Asynchronous read



Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Memory Access
 - Data memory implementation comments
 - **Inferred** RAM
 - **?? in a x8 configuration**
 - asynchronous address
 - asynchronous read
 - synchronous write



Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Memory Access



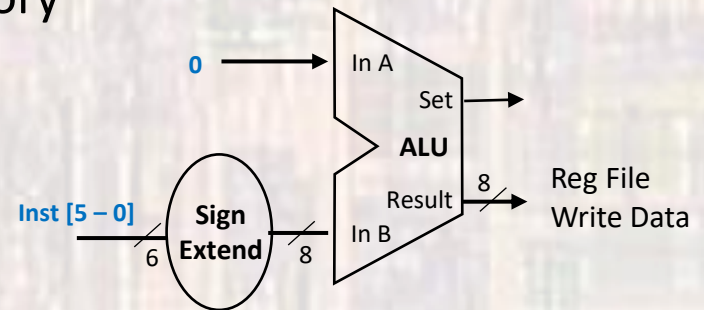
IMM

Wreg ← “imm value”

- Load Immediate Instruction
 - Load a register from the program memory

- Value

- Stored in the instruction
- Sign-extended from 6 bits to 8 bits
- **OR'd** with zero in the ALU
- Uses the writeback mechanism to store the value in a register



Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

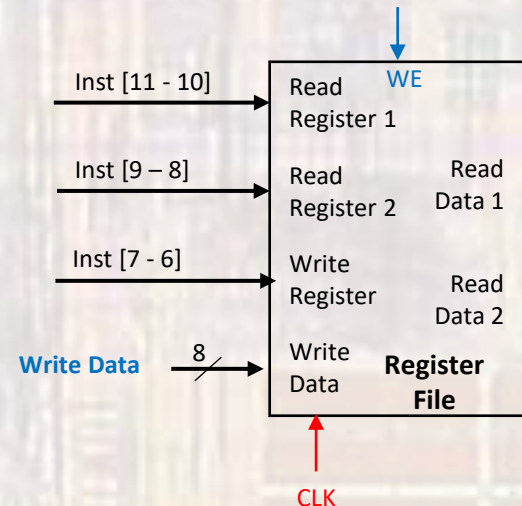
- Write Back

Instruction				Reg 1		Reg 2		W Reg		Immediate Value					
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Reg/Reg Wreg ← Reg1 **fn** Reg2
 LD Wreg ← MEM(Reg1)

- Write results or memory value back to a register
- Write data
 - Comes from ALU (result or ldi)
 - or
 - Comes from data memory (ld)

- Synchronous



Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Missing Pieces
 - Program control elements
 - Branches
 - Jumps
 - Hazards

Single Cycle Processor – Data Path

- Full Data path

Replace with sequencer

