

**EE 1910**

**Dr. Johnson**

**Homework 8**

1 – Identify the error in each function declaration.

20pts

void ave(char s, char t);

none

void wed(sat int, sun int);

type and variable backwards

foo2(char tire, float steer);

no return type

int fun1(int s, t);

no type for t

int foo(float black, char white)

no ;

2 – Identify the error in each function call.

20pts

fun2((char) a, b);

none

ave(float red, blue);

no type in the actual parameters

fri(mon , tue)

no ;

int foo(a, b);

no type in a call

tire(tires steer);

no ,

3 – Identify the error in each function definition.

20pts

```
int foo(float x, int y){  
    x = x + y;  
    return x;  
}
```

OK - wrong type for return  
but it gets converted

```
void foo(int x){  
    int y;  
    ...  
    return y;  
}
```

fn is void – cannot return int

```
int foo(int x, int y){  
    z = x + y;  
    return z;  
}
```

z never declared

4 – Evaluate each of the following.

10pts

`fabs(-2.4)`

2.4

`floor(-6.3)`

-7

`ceil(-19.99)`

-19

`floor(pow(3.2, 2))`

`floor(3.2^2) = floor(10.24)=10`

`pow(floor(4.3), ceil(4.3))`

`4^5 = 1024`

5 – Given the following program. What will be printed out for the answer if the user enters 41 as the input? 30pts

```
/*
 * hw6_1.c
 */
#include <stdio.h>

int fun1(int a);
int fun2(int a);
int fun3(int a);

int main(void){
    int a;
    int b;

    printf("Enter an integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &a);

    b = fun1(a);
    printf("answer is: %d",b);

    return 0;
}

int fun1(int b){
    int c;
    c = fun2(b) + fun3(b);
    return c;
}
```

```
int fun2(int d){
    return(d % 10);
}
```

```
int fun3(int e){
    int f;
    f = e/10;
    f = f % 10;
    return f;
}
```

main calls fun1(41)  
fun1 calls fun2(41) and fun3(41)  
fun2(41) returns  $41 \% 10 = 1$   
fun3(41) returns  $4.1 \rightarrow 4 \% 10 = 4$   
fun1 adds the two and returns 5  
main prints 5