

BusOut Class

- BusOut is a grouping of DigitalOut objects
 - Writing to a BusOut object uses the individual binary bits of the output word to control each associated digital output pin
 - The entire bus is written at the same time

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```
BusOut myBus1(D4, D5, D6, D7);
myBus1.write(0xc);           // 1100 → D7, D6 = 1   D5, D4 = 0
```

Note reversal of direction

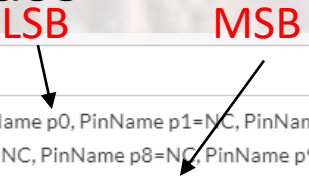
```
foo = 0x5A;
boo = 0x69;
BusOut myBus2(D10, D9, D8, D7, D6, D5, D4, D3);
myBus2.write(foo);          // 0101 1010 → D4, D6, D7, D9 = 1   others = 0
myBus2.write(boo);          // 0110 1001 → D4, D5, D8, D9 = 1   others = 0
```

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| Public Member Functions | |
|-------------------------|--|
| | BusOut (PinName p0, PinName p1=NC, PinName p2=NC, PinName p3=NC, PinName p4=NC, PinName p5=NC, PinName p6=NC, PinName p7=NC, PinName p8=NC, PinName p9=NC, PinName p10=NC, PinName p11=NC, PinName p12=NC, PinName p13=NC, PinName p14=NC, PinName p15=NC)  |
| | Create an BusOut , connected to the specified pins. More... |
| | BusOut (PinName pins[16]) |
| | Create an BusOut , connected to the specified pins. More... |
| void | write (int value) |
| | Write the value to the output bus. More... |
| int | read () |
| | Read the value currently output on the bus. More... |
| int | mask () |
| | Binary mask of bus pins connected to actual pins (not NC pins) If bus pin is in NC state make corresponding bit will be cleared (set to 0), else bit will be set to 1. More... |
| BusOut & | operator= (int v) |
| | A shorthand for write() More... |
| DigitalOut & | operator[] (int index) |
| | Access to particular bit in random-iterator fashion. More... |
| | operator int () |
| | A shorthand for read() More... |