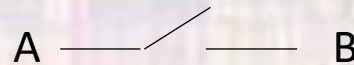


Button Basics

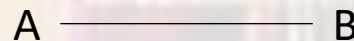
Last updated 8/16/21

Button Basics

- 2 pin Button
- Button not pushed – open circuit between the pins

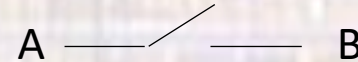


- Button pushed – short circuit between the pins

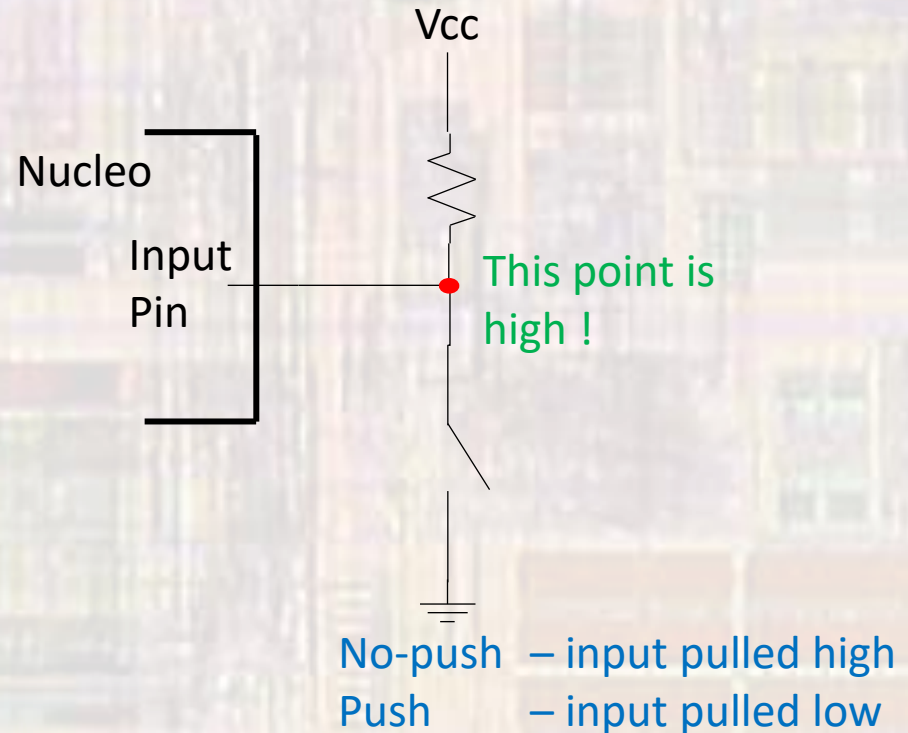
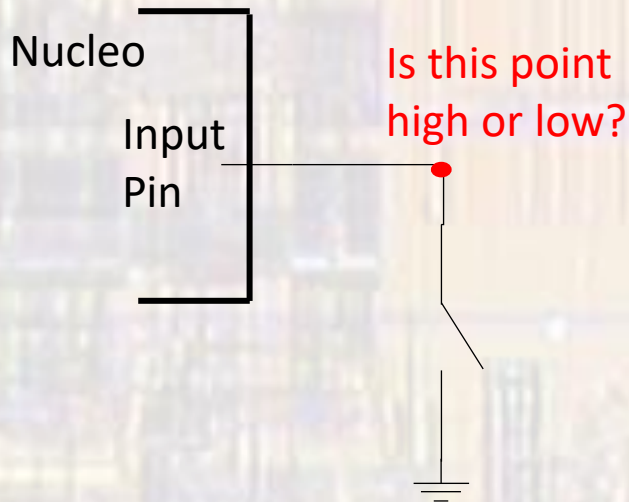


Button Basics

- 2 pin Button – nominally open, pushed → closed

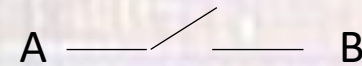


- Need some kind of resistor in our design to ensure we know what state the input pin is in

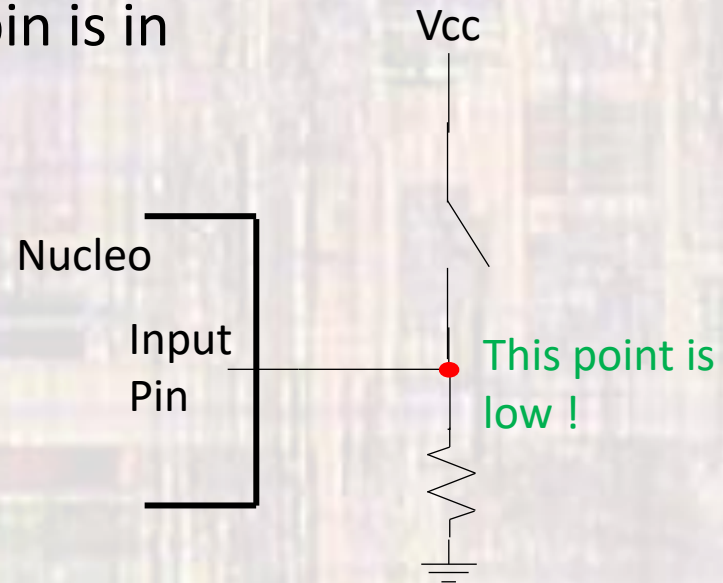
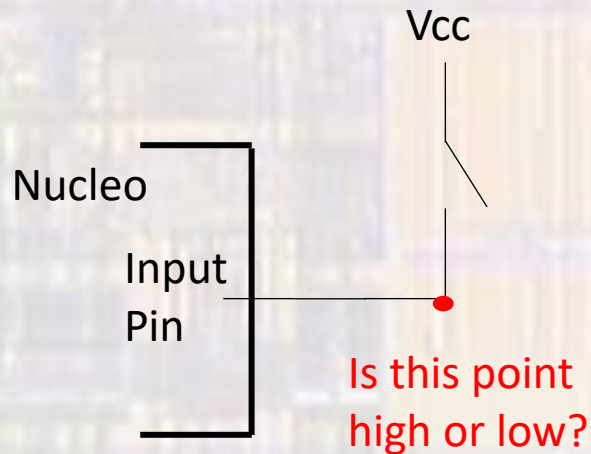


Button Basics

- 2 pin Button – nominally open, pushed → closed



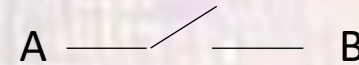
- Need some kind of resistor in our design to ensure we know what state the input pin is in



No-push – input pulled low
Push – input pulled high

Button Basics

- 2 pin Button



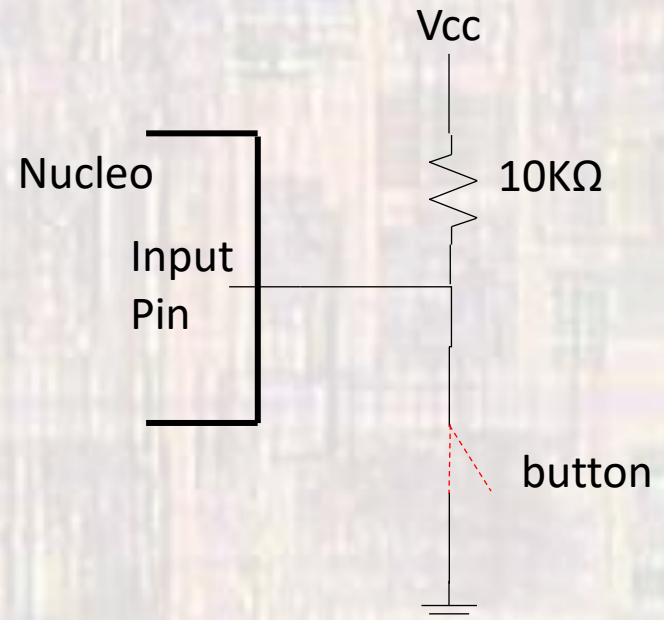
- What resistor value?

- Too small → wasted current (power)
- Typically several K Ω

- Example

- 10K Ω
- Button open → no current (pin high)
- Button closed →
$$(V_{cc} - Gnd)/10,000\Omega =$$
$$3.3V / 10,000\Omega = 330\mu A$$

(pin low)



No-push – input pulled high
Push – input pulled low

Button Basics

- 4 pin Button

