Precedence

Last updated 9/4/21

Precedence

- Precedence

    - Order in which operators are evaluated
        - In math: * and / before + and –
        - 2/3+3*4 → ((2/3) + (3*4))

- Associativity

    - Order in which operators with the same precedence are evaluated
        - In math: left to right
        - 2 + 3 – 4 + 5 → (((2 + 3) – 4) + 5)

Precedence

Precedence	Operator	Description	Associativity
1	++ --	Suffix/postfix increment and decrement	Left-to-right
	()	Function call	
	[]	Array subscripting	
	.	Structure and union member access	
	->	Structure and union member access through pointer	
	(*type*){*list*}	Compound literal(C99)	
2	++ --	Prefix increment and decrement	Right-to-left
	+ -	Unary plus and minus	
	! ~	Logical NOT and bitwise NOT	
	(*type*)	Type cast	
	*	Indirection (dereference)	
	&	Address-of	
	sizeof	Size-of	
	_Alignof	Alignment requirement(C11)	
3	* / %	Multiplication, division, and remainder	Left-to-right
4	+ -	Addition and subtraction	
5	<< >>	Bitwise left shift and right shift	
6	< <=	For relational operators < and ≤ respectively	
	> >=	For relational operators > and ≥ respectively	
7	== !=	For relational = and ≠ respectively	
8	&	Bitwise AND	
9	^	Bitwise XOR (exclusive or)	
10	|	Bitwise OR (inclusive or)	
11	&&	Logical AND	
12	||	Logical OR	
13	?:	Ternary conditional	Right-to-Left
14	=	Simple assignment	
	+= -=	Assignment by sum and difference	
	*= /= %=	Assignment by product, quotient, and remainder	
	<<= >>=	Assignment by bitwise left shift and right shift	
	&= ^= |=	Assignment by bitwise AND, XOR, and OR	
15	,	Comma	Left-to-right

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*, &, +, -, ++, --, and () have multiple definitions
Usage is context dependent

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Precedence

- Examples (ints)

a = 2, b=3, c=4

1 + 2 * 3   →

1 + 2 * 3 / 2   →

-b++   →

a += b *= c -= 3   →

--a * (1 + b) / 3 – c++ * b →

Precedence

- Examples

a = 2, b=3, c=4

1 + 2 * 3   →   1 + (2 * 3) = 7

1 + 2 * 3 / 2   →   1 + ((2 *3) /2) = 1 + (6/2) = 4
                                           same precedence (L-R)

-b++ →   -(b++) = -3   evaluates first - (b is now 4)

a += b *= c -= 3 →   c= 1, b=3, a=5   same precedence (R-L)

--a * (1 + b) / 3 – c++ * b   →   --a * (1 + b) / 3 – c++ * b
                                                 --a * 4 / 3 – c++ * b
                                                 --a * 4 / 3 – 4 * b
                                                 1 * 4 / 3 – 4 * b
                                                 4 / 3 – 4 *3
                                                 1 - 12
                                                 -11

Precedence

- Precedence and Associativity

For clarity and precision

Use Parenthesis freely

a = 2, b=3, c=4

$(((-a) * (1 + b)) / 3) - ((c++) * b)$ →

$(((1) * (4)) / 3) - ((4) * 3)$
$((4 / 3) - (12))$
$(1 - 12)$
-11