

EE 3921 Lab 2: FSM/FSMD

1 dedicated lab period, 2 lab periods to complete

Name: _____

Objectives

- Review FSM and FSMD concepts
- Utilize the switches and seven segment displays

Prelab

- Review the SSEG display info from CE1911
- Review the FSM and FSMD class notes
- Review the Development process from Lab 1

student
check off

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Assignment

Part 1: Create a controller for a simple Elevator

Specifications:

- 1) The number of floors is specified via a generic: NUM_FLOORS (must work for ANY positive value)
- 2) If a “desired_floor” value above the maximum is input – the elevator should go to the top floor
- 3) No negative floor numbers (starts at 1)
- 4) If the wait time on a floor exceeds the DELAY_CNT(generic) clks, automatically return to floor 1
- 5) If the “desired_floor” input changes while in transit, the new “desired floor” value will take effect immediately
- 6) If the “desired_floor” input changes while returning to floor 1 automatically, the new “desired_floor” input will be ignored until floor 1 is reached
- 7) Generics:
 - a. NUM_FLOORS
 - b. DELAY_CNT
- 8) Input signals:
 - a. rstb
 - b. clk
 - c. desired_floor (? bits)
- 9) Output signals:
 - a. Desired floor displayed on SSEGs in hex (assume no more than 255 floors for this part only)
 - b. Current floor displayed on SSEGs in hex (assume no more than 255 floors for this part only)
 - c. LED indicating desired floor has been reached

Additional Requirements:

- 1) Implementation must be via an FSM
- 2) A separate binary_to_sseg_hex block must be implemented and instantiated in the DE10 implementation
- 3) Run simulation(s) to verify operation (see following for the required sequence)
- 4) Create a DE10 implementation of your design
 - a) Provide support for 60 floors (NUM_FLOORS)
 - b) Set the DELAY_CNT generic to 10
 - c) SW0 resets to floor 1
 - d) SW1 – SW6 indicate the desired floor in binary

- e) LED0 indicates desired floor reached
- f) Desired floor displayed on SSEGs 5/4 in hex
- g) Current floor displayed on SSEGs 1/0 in hex

Part 2: Create a GCD calculator block

Specifications:

- ~~1) Calculated the GCD of two numbers~~
- ~~2) Input numbers are n-bit binary~~
- ~~3) Inputs:

 - a. ~~rstb~~
 - b. ~~start~~
 - c. ~~number_1 (n bits)~~
 - d. ~~number_2 n bits)~~~~
- ~~4) Outputs:

 - a. ~~Input number_1 in binary~~
 - b. ~~Input number_2 in binary~~
 - c. ~~complete~~
 - d. ~~GCD result in binary~~~~

Additional Requirements:

- ~~1) Implementation must utilize the process described below~~
- ~~2) Implementation must be via an FSMD~~
- ~~3) The design must be broken into 3 parts: FSM, Data Path, FSMD~~
- ~~4) A separate binary_to_sseg_hex block must be implemented and instantiated in the DE10 implementation~~
- ~~5) A separate binary_to_sseg_decimal block must be implemented and instantiated in the DE10 implementation~~
- ~~6) Run simulation(s) to verify operation (see following for the required sequence)~~
- ~~7) Create a DE10 implementation of your design

 - a) ~~N = 4~~
 - b) ~~SW0 for reset~~
 - c) ~~KEY0 for start~~
 - d) ~~SW5-2 for number 1 in binary~~
 - e) ~~SW9-6 for number 2 in binary~~
 - f) ~~LED(5) for complete~~
 - g) ~~SSEG 0/1s for number 1/2 in hex~~
 - h) ~~SSEG 4/5 for the result in DECIMAL~~~~

Check Off

You must demonstrate your working design(s) prior to the end of the 2nd lab period

- Demo the Elevator FSM (Simulation, DE10) 80% _____
- ~~Demo the GCD block (Simulation, DE10) 40% _____~~

Lab Report (informal)

- Due at 4:00 pm, 1 day after 2nd lab – in the box
- Include a properly documented informal lab report. 20% _____

Elevator Simulation

NUM_FLOORS = 60, DELAY_CNT = 10

Up to 18

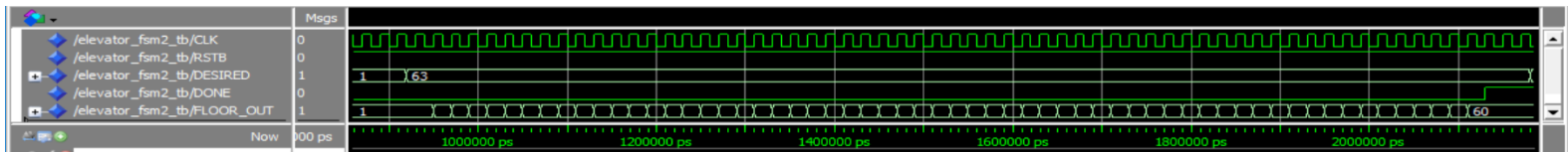
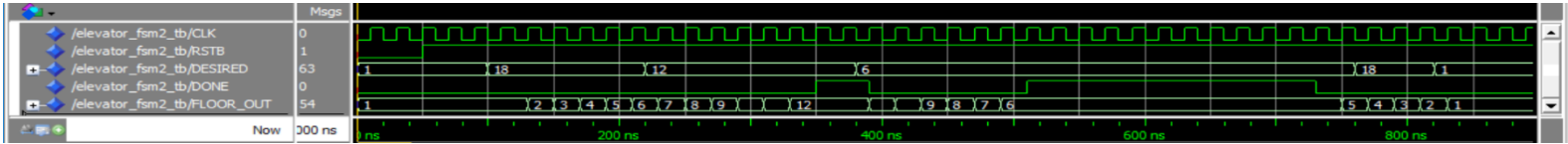
Change to 12 part way (should change)

Down to 6

Wait long enough for an automatic return

Attempt to change during return (should not change)

Attempt to go to 63 (should stop at 60)



GCD Algorithm – using only subtraction

$\text{gcd}(a, b)$

if $a == b$

return a

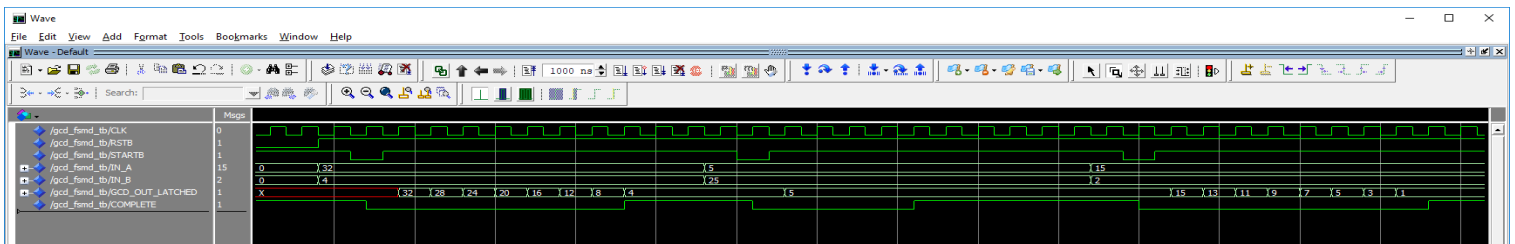
if $a > b$

$\text{gcd}(a - b, b)$

else

$\text{gcd}(a, b - a)$

Note: the recursion is accomplished by going through the datapath again



For DE10 – use

($N = 4$)

15 and 3

5 and 12

14 and 14