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- Epitaxy
 - The growth of single crystal material into a crystalline substrate
- Homoepitaxy
 - Growth where both materials are the same
- Heteroepitaxy
 - Growth where the two materials are different
 - Can cause issues if the crystal spacings are different

- Why Epitaxy in Semiconductors
 - Higher quality crystal structure
 - Fewer defects
 - More pure
 - Doped epitaxy allows for very abrupt junctions
 - Introduce a dopant into the epitaxy process
 - Heteroepitaxy
 - Special devices based on III-V elements can be built
 - LEDs, Lasers, Power devices

- Molecular Beam Epitaxy
 - Epitaxy material is evaporated into a very high vacuum
 - The material coalesces onto the substrate
 - Can be very well controlled
 - ~ 1 atomic layer of accuracy



src: Moressi, L, Basics of Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE) technique