

Binary Number Systems

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These slides introduce binary number concepts

Binary Number Systems

- All values in a computer are implemented with 1's and 0's
 - Program instructions
 - Data values
 - Calculations
- Computer values are collected into groups
 - 8 bits → Byte
 - N Bytes → Word
- **Bytes and Words do not have inherent values**
 - Just a collection of 1's and 0's

Binary Number Systems

- Bytes and Words can be interpreted to have a value
 - 10011100 → interpreted as the decimal value 156
 - 10011100 → interpreted as the decimal value -100
 - 10011100 → interpreted as the character £
 - 01000101100110100101001000100100 → interpreted as the value 1234.567
- Even the computers program is defined by 1's and 0's
 - 1001110010101010 → interpreted as the command to add 2 numbers

Binary Number Systems

- We assign numbers represented by Bytes and Words a **type**
 - Allows us to convert them back and forth between a series of **1's** and **0's** and a **decimal value** we can better understand
- We assign symbols represented by Bytes and Words a **type**
 - Allows us to convert them back and forth between a series of **1's** and **0's** and a **symbol** (character) we can view and type
- Program instructions represented by Bytes and Words do not use types
 - Instructions are converted back and forth from **1's** and **0's** to **actions** using a predefined mapping

Binary Number Systems

- **Generalized** Base 2 (binary)
 - Mathematical representation
 - ones, twos, fours, eights
 - halves, quarters, eighths
 - Base 2 \rightarrow 2 individual digits
 - Range of individual digit: 0 \rightarrow 1
 - Each position to the left of the binary point is 2X the previous position
 - Each position to the right of the binary point is 1/2 the previous position

1	1	0	1	.	1	0	1
Eights	Fours	Twos	Ones	binary point	Halves	Quarters	Eighths

1	1	0	1	.	1	0	1
digit x 2^3	digit x 2^2	digit x 2^1	digit x 2^0	binary point	digit x 2^{-1}	digit x 2^{-2}	digit x 2^{-3}

Binary Number Systems

- Binary Bit Values
 - **Generalization**, not necessarily what is used for interpreting each type

bit #	Value
31	2,147,483,648
30	1,073,741,824
29	536,870,912
28	268,435,456
27	134,217,728
26	67,108,864
25	33,554,432
24	16,777,216
23	8,388,608
22	4,194,304
21	2,097,152
20	1,048,576
19	524,288
18	262,144
17	131,072
16	65,536
15	32,768
14	16,384
13	8,192
12	4,096
11	2,048
10	1,024
9	512
8	256
7	128
6	64
5	32
4	16
3	8
2	4
1	2
0	1

bit #	Value
8	0.00390625
7	0.0078125
6	0.015625
5	0.03125
4	0.0625
3	0.125
2	0.25
1	0.5

Left to Right

Binary Number Systems

- Primary C numerical types
 - Unsigned Binary
 - Signed Binary
 - Special Binary
 - Floating Point