

Pointer Arithmetic

Last updated 6/22/23

These slides introduce pointer arithmetic in C

Pointer Arithmetic

- Pointer Arithmetic
 - Pointers have a type
 - The type can be used to allow pointer arithmetic
 - Addition and subtraction of pointers is done in increments of the “type” size.
 - E.g. ints \rightarrow 4Bytes, chars \rightarrow 1Byte
 - The allowed operations on pointers are: +, -, ++, --

No bounds checking is done when using pointer arithmetic

Pointer Arithmetic

- Examples

- Assuming 4 byte int

```
int loo;  
int boo;           // create and initialize boo with value 25  
boo = 25;         // assume boo is located at 0x1000
```

```
int * foo;        // create two pointers  
int * soo;  
foo = &boo;      // initialize foo to 0x1000
```

```
soo = foo + 2;   // pointer addition  
// soo now has the value 0x1008
```

```
foo++;           // pointer increment  
// foo now has the value 0x1004
```

```
loo = *(soo - 2); // pointer subtraction and dereference  
// loo now equals 25
```

Pointer Arithmetic

- Pointer Arithmetic

No bounds checking is done when using pointer arithmetic