

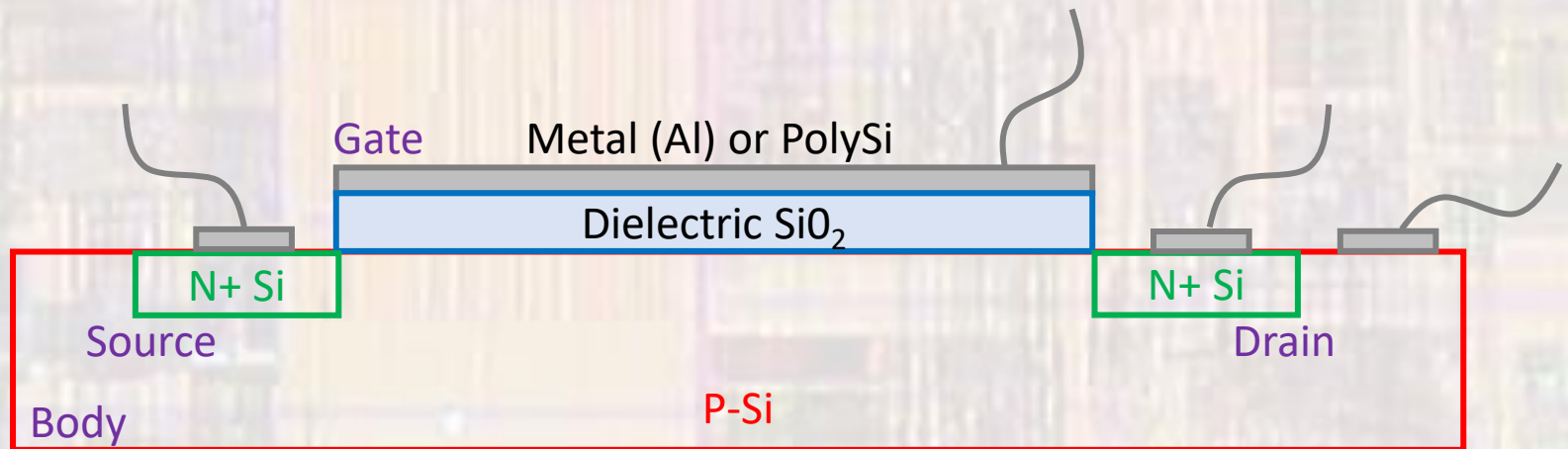
MOS Parametrics

Last updated 12/22/23

MOS I-V Characteristics

- N-MOS Operation - Cutoff

- $V_{GS} < V_{th}$
 - No inversion region is formed
 - No electrons flow from source to drain
 - No current flow from drain to source

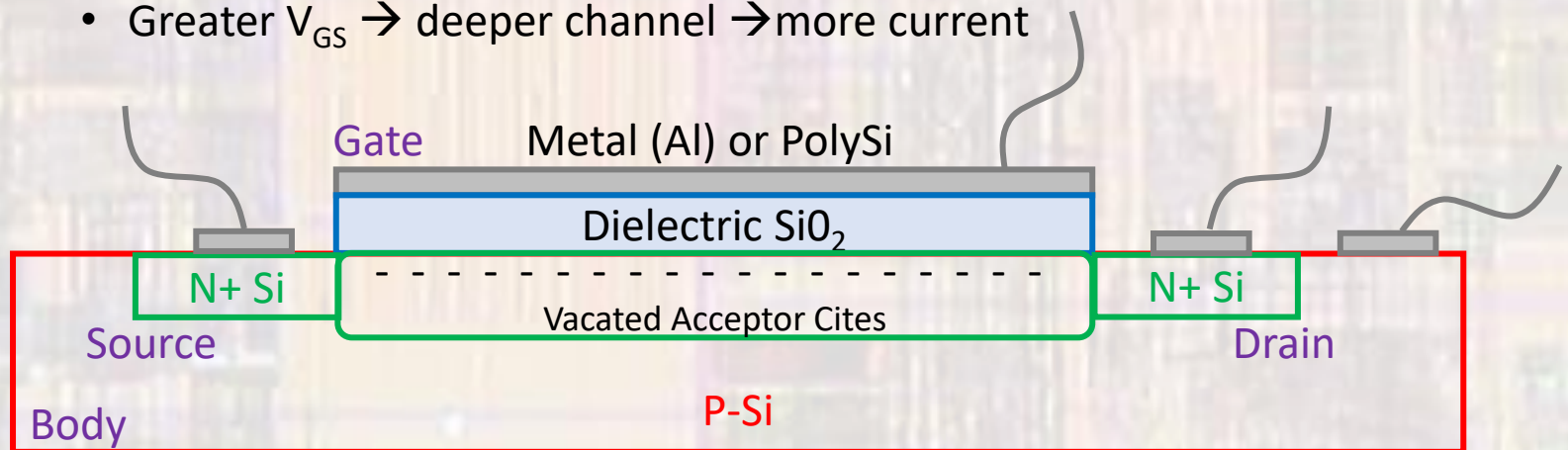
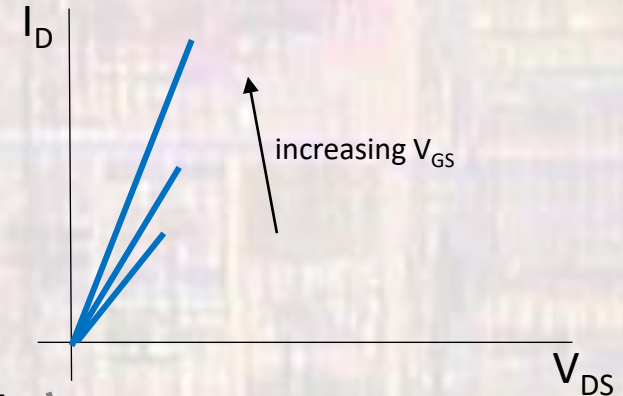


$$I_D = 0$$

MOS I-V Characteristics

- N-MOS Operation – Linear

- $V_{GS} > V_{th}$, $V_{DS} < V_{DSsat}$
 - Inversion region is formed
 - Electrons can flow from source to drain
 - Current can flow from drain to source
 - Greater $V_{GS} \rightarrow$ deeper channel \rightarrow more current



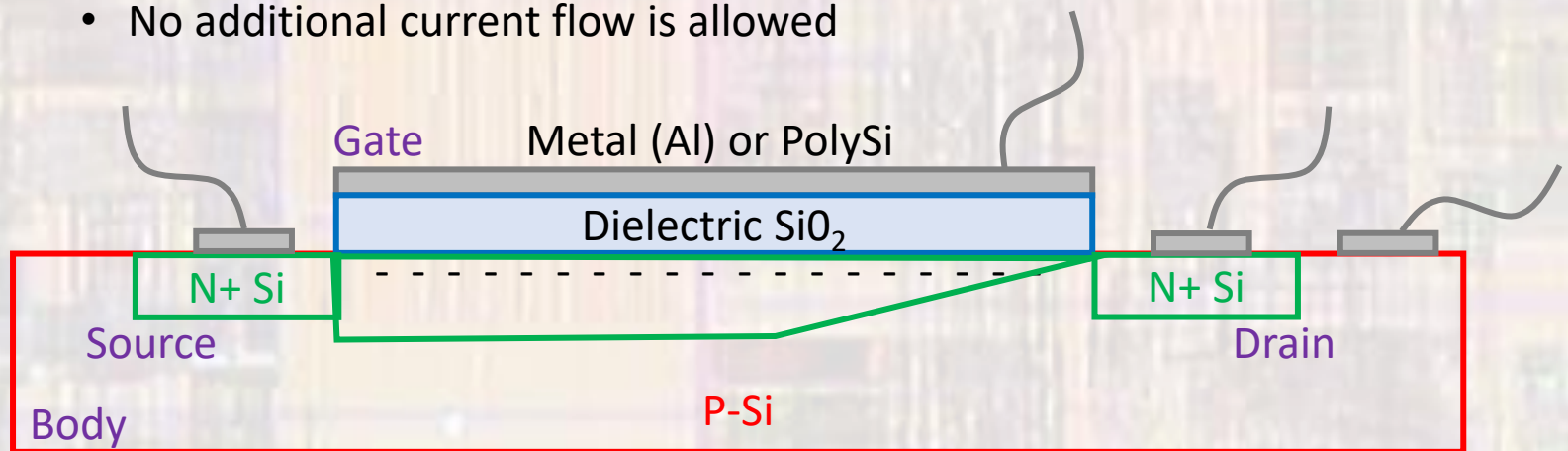
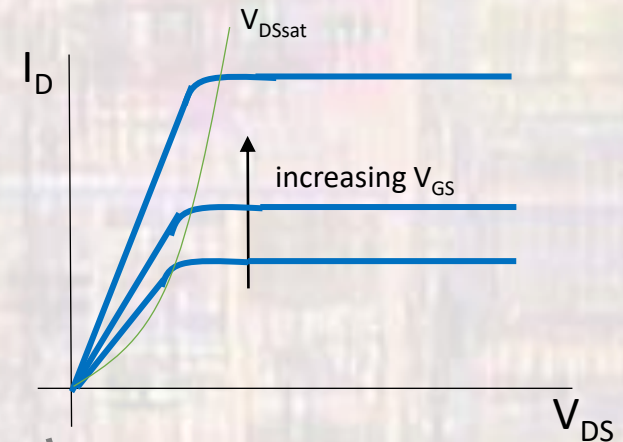
$$V_{DSsat} = V_{GS} - V_{th}$$

$$I_D = K_n [2(V_{GS} - V_{tn})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2]$$

MOS I-V Characteristics

- N-MOS Operation – Saturation

- $V_{GS} > V_{th}$, $V_{DS} > V_{DSsat}$
 - Inversion region is formed
 - V_D is high enough to counteract the V_G near the drain \rightarrow “pinch-off” of the channel
 - No additional current flow is allowed



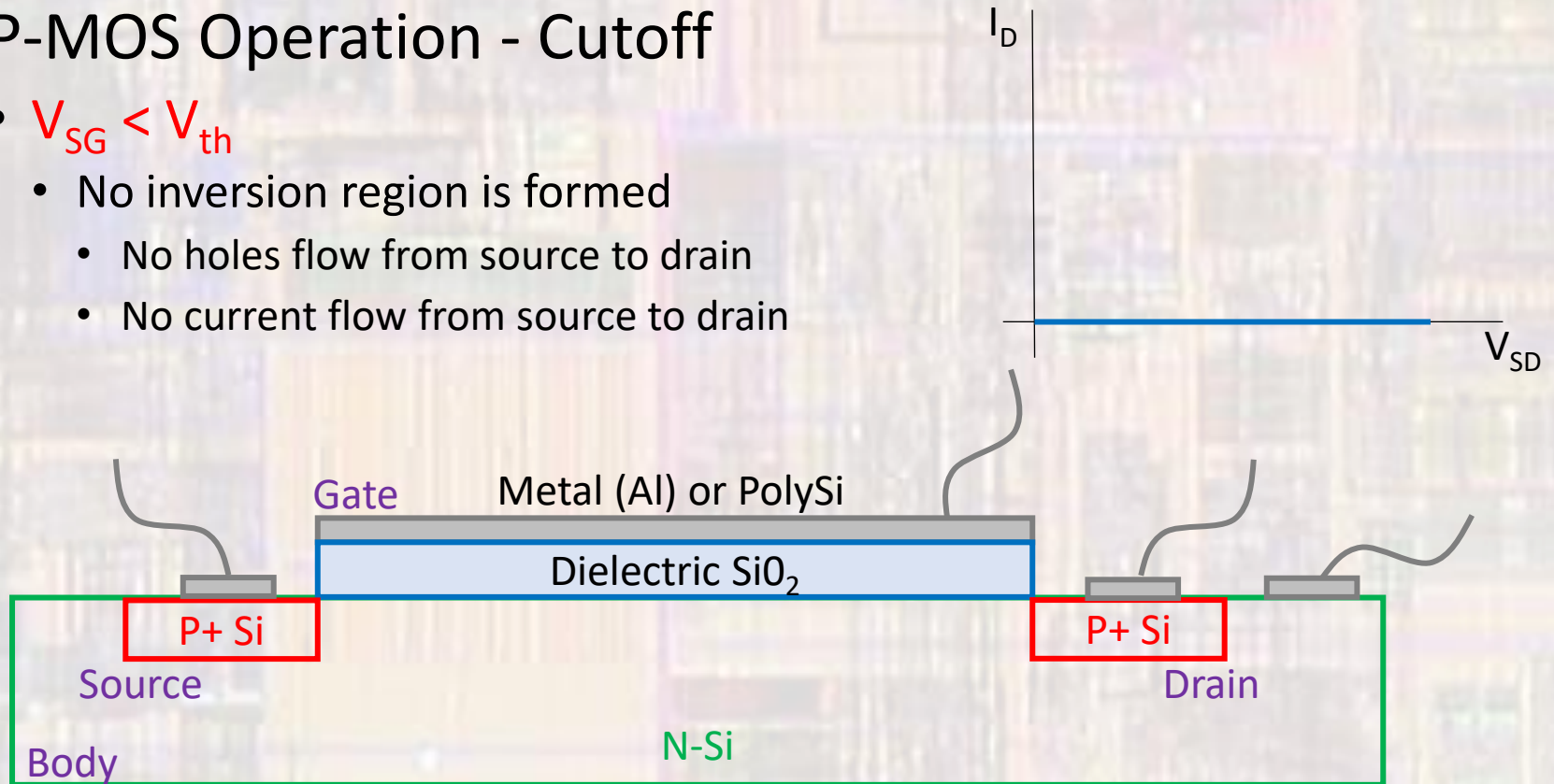
$$V_{DSsat} = V_{GS} - V_{th}$$

$$I_D = K_n (V_{GS} - V_{tn})^2$$

MOS I-V Characteristics

- P-MOS Operation - Cutoff

- $V_{SG} < V_{th}$
 - No inversion region is formed
 - No holes flow from source to drain
 - No current flow from source to drain

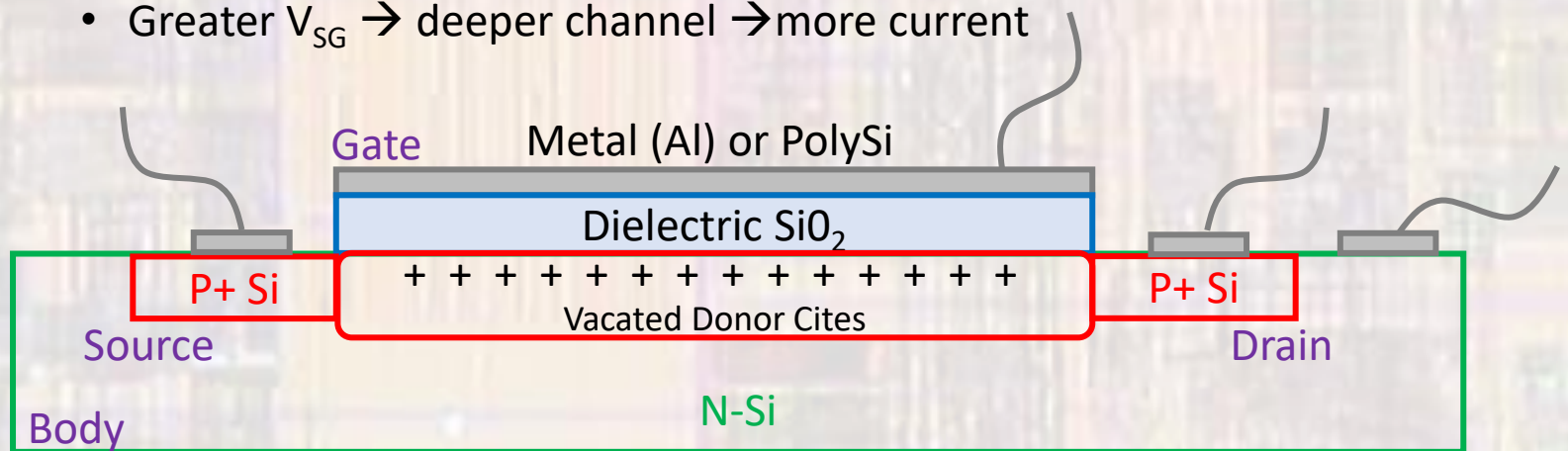
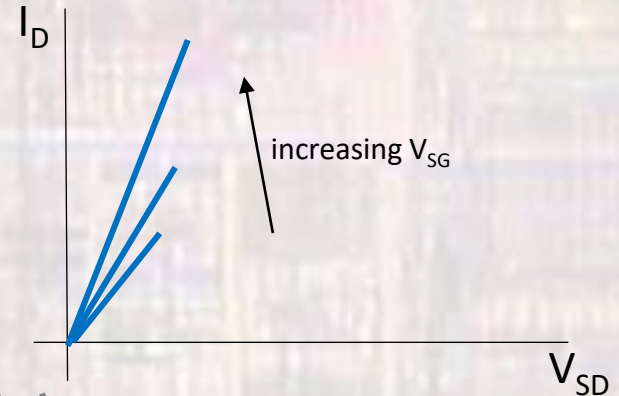


$$I_D = 0$$

MOS I-V Characteristics

- P-MOS Operation – Linear

- $V_{SG} > V_{th}$, $V_{SD} < V_{SDsat}$
 - Inversion region is formed
 - Holes can flow from source to drain
 - Current can flow from source to drain
 - Greater $V_{SG} \rightarrow$ deeper channel \rightarrow more current



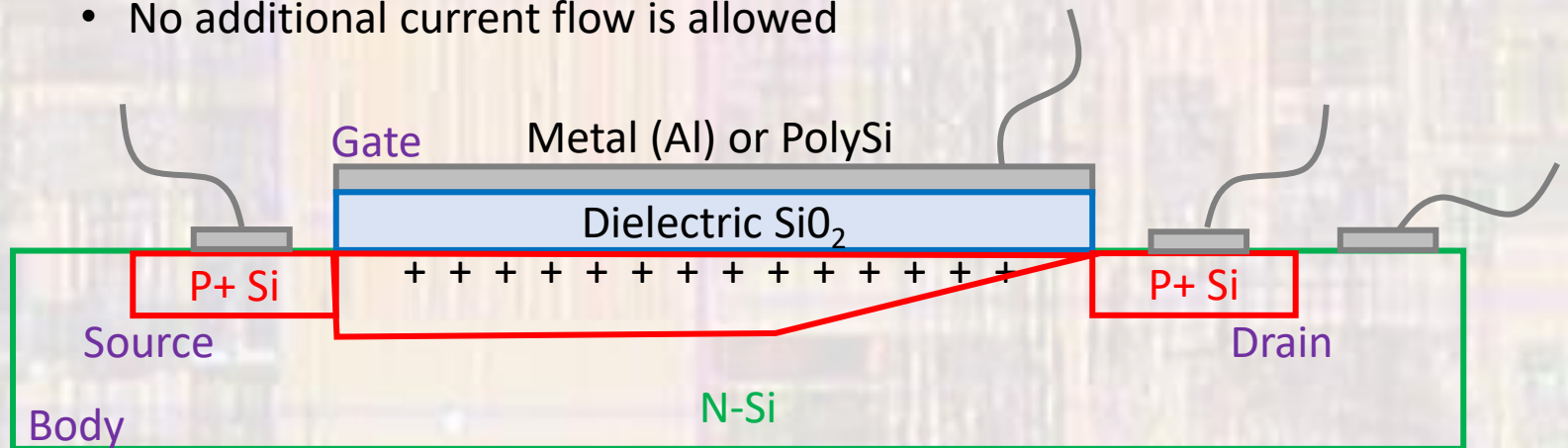
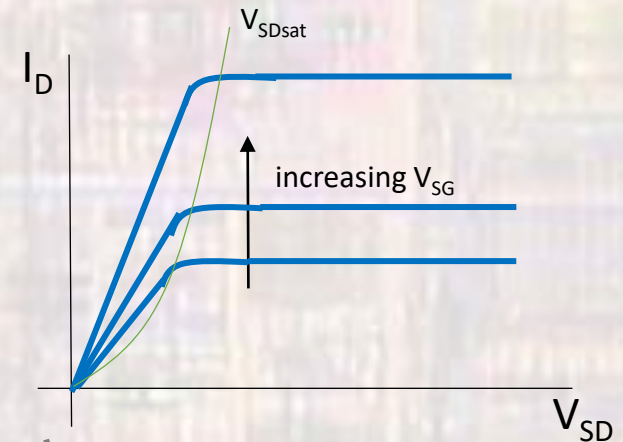
$$V_{SDsat} = V_{SG} - V_{th}$$

$$I_D = K_p [2(V_{SG} - V_{tp})V_{SD} - V_{SD}^2]$$

MOS I-V Characteristics

- P-MOS Operation – Saturation

- $V_{SG} > V_{th}$, $V_{SD} > V_{SDsat}$
 - Inversion region is formed
 - V_D is low enough to counteract the V_G near the drain \rightarrow “pinch-off” of the channel
 - No additional current flow is allowed



$$V_{SDsat} = V_{SG} - V_{th} \quad I_D = K_p (V_{SG} - V_{tp})^2$$

MOS I-V Characteristics

• Parameters

$$K_n = \frac{W \mu_n C_{ox}}{2L} \qquad K_p = \frac{W \mu_p C_{ox}}{2L}$$

$$K_n = \frac{k'_n W}{2 L} \qquad K_p = \frac{k'_p W}{2 L}$$

$$k'_n = \mu_n C_{ox} \qquad k'_p = \mu_p C_{ox}$$

μ_n, μ_p, C_{ox} fixed for a given semiconductor process \rightarrow

k'_n, k'_p fixed for a given semiconductor process

$$I_D = K_n [2(V_{GS} - V_{tn})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2]$$

$$I_D = K_p [2(V_{SG} - V_{tp})V_{SD} - V_{SD}^2]$$

Linear

$$I_D = \frac{k'_n W}{2 L} [2(V_{GS} - V_{tn})V_{DS} - V_{DS}^2]$$

$$I_D = \frac{k'_p W}{2 L} [2(V_{SG} - V_{tp})V_{SD} - V_{SD}^2]$$

$$V_{DS} > V_{DSsat} \qquad V_{DSsat} = V_{GS} - V_{th}$$

$$V_{SDsat} = V_{SG} - V_{th} \qquad V_{SD} > V_{SDsat}$$

$$I_D = K_n (V_{GS} - V_{tn})^2$$

$$I_D = K_p (V_{SG} - V_{tp})^2$$

Saturation

$$I_D = \frac{k'_n W}{2 L} (V_{GS} - V_{tn})^2$$

$$I_D = \frac{k'_p W}{2 L} (V_{SG} - V_{tp})^2$$

MOS Gate Capacitance

- Parameters

- W – Transistor Width
- L – Transistor length (channel length)
- t_{ox} – thickness of the oxide
 - 15-20 Angstroms – 3 to 4 atom layers
 - $1.5 - 2.0 \times 10^{-9}$ m
- ϵ_0 – permittivity (dielectric constant) of free space
 - 8.85×10^{-12} F/m
- $\epsilon_r(\text{SiO}_2)$ – relative permittivity multiplier for SiO_2
 - 3.9

$$C_G = W \times L \times C_{ox} = W \times L \times \frac{\epsilon_{ox}}{t_{ox}} = W \times L \times \frac{\epsilon_0 \epsilon_r}{t_{ox}}$$

$$C_{Gn} = W \times L \times \frac{k'_n}{\mu_n}$$

$$C_{Gp} = W \times L \times \frac{k'_p}{\mu_p}$$