

# CY62167DV30 MoBL<sup>®</sup> 16-Mbit (1 M × 16) Static RAM

### Features

- Thin small outline package (TSOP-I) configurable as 1 M × 16 or as 2 M × 8 SRAM
- Wide voltage range: 2.2 V–3.6 V
- Ultra-low active power: Typical active current: 2 mA at f = 1 MHz
- Ultra-low standby power
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $CE_2$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed / power
- Available in Pb-free and non Pb-free 48-ball very fine-pitch ball grid array (VFBGA) and 48-pin TSOP I package

### **Functional Description**

The CY62167DV30 is a high-performance CMOS static RAM organized as 1M words by 16-bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra-low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life<sup>™</sup> (MoBL<sup>®</sup>) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an

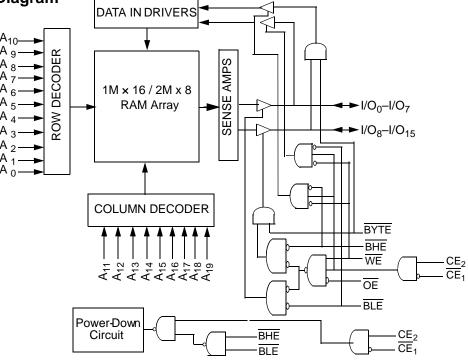
automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption by 99% when addresses are not toggling. The device can also be put into standby mode when deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW or both BHE and BLE are HIGH). The input/output pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) are placed in a high-impedance state when: deselected ( $\overline{CE}_1$  HIGH or  $CE_2$  LOW), outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled (BHE, BLE HIGH), or during a Write operation ( $\overline{CE}_1$  LOW,  $CE_2$  HIGH and WE LOW).

<u>Writing</u> to the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enables  $(\overline{CE}_1 \text{ LOW} \text{ and } CE_2 \text{ HIGH})$  and Write Enable (WE) input LOW. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>), is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>19</sub>). If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from I/O pins (I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A<sub>0</sub> through A<sub>19</sub>).

<u>Reading</u> from the device is accomplished by taking Chip Enables ( $\overline{CE}_1 \text{ LOW}$  and  $CE_2 \text{ HIGH}$ ) and Output Enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable (BLE) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O<sub>0</sub> to I/O<sub>7</sub>. If Byte High Enable (BHE) is LOW, then data from memory appear on I/O<sub>8</sub> to I/O<sub>15</sub>. See the truth table at the back of this data sheet for a complete description of Read and Write modes.

For a complete list of related documentation, click here.

### Logic Block Diagram



Cypress Semiconductor Corporation Document Number: 38-05328 Rev. \*M 198 Champion Court

San Jose, CA 95134-1709 • 408-943-2600 Revised November 19, 2014



# CY62167DV30 MoBL<sup>®</sup>

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### **Product Portfolio**

					Power Dissipation						
Product	Product V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)		Speed	Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μΑ)			
FIGUUCE				(ns)	$f = 1 MHz$ $f = f_{Max}$			Stanuby	'SB2\μ~)		
	Min	Тур [1]	Max		Тур [1]	Max	Тур [1]	Max	Тур [1]	Мах	
CY62167DV30LL	2.2	3.0	3.6	55	2	4	15	30	2.5	22	
				70			12	25			

### **Pin Configurations**

#### Figure 1. 48-ball VFBGA pinout (Top View) <sup>[2, 3]</sup>

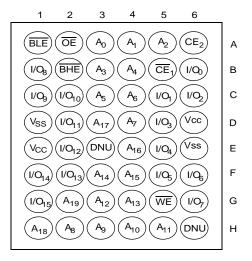


Figure 2. 48-pin TSOP I pinout (Top View)<sup>[4]</sup>

	10
A15 🖬 1	48 <u>A16</u>
A14 2	47 BYTE
A13 3	46 🗖 Vss
A12 🗖 4	46 <b>u</b> Vss 45 <b>u</b> I/O15/A20
A11 🖬 5	44 🗖 1/07
A10 🖬 6	43 🗖 I/O14
A9 🗖 7	42 🗖 1/06
A8 🗖 8	41 🗖 I/O13
A19 🖬 9	40 🖬 1/05
NC 🖬 10	40 <b>=</b> 1/O5 39 <b>=</b> 1/O12
NC = 10 WE = 11	38 🗖 1/04
CE2 12	37 🗖 Vcc
DNU= 13	36 🗖 I/O11
BHE 14	35 🗖 1/03
BLE = 15	34 🗖 1/010
A18 🗖 16	33 🗖 1/02
A17 🖬 17	32 = 1/09
A7 🗖 18	31 🗖 1/01
A6 🗖 19	30 🗖 1/08
A5 🗖 20	29 <b>=</b> <u>1/0</u> 0
A4 🗖 21	28 🗖 OE
A3 <b>a</b> 22	27 <b>–</b> <u>Vss</u>
A2 🗖 23	26 <b>–</b> CE1
A1 24	25 <b>=</b> A0
A1 27	23 A0

- 1. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ.)}$ ,  $T_A = 25$  °C.
- 2. NC pins are not connected on the die.
- 3. DNU pins have to be left floating.
- 4. The BYTE pin the 48-TSOP I package has to be tied to  $V_{CC}$  to use the device as <u>a 1M X 16</u> SRAM. The 48-TSOP I package can also be used as a 2 M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to  $V_{SS}$ . In the 2 M × 8 configuration, Pin 45 is A20, while BHE, BLE and I/O8 to I/O14 pins are not used (DNU).



# **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature	–65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied	–55 °C to +125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential	–0.2 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in High-Z state <sup>[5, 6]</sup>	–0.2 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V
DC input voltage <sup>[5, 6]</sup>	–0.2 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3 V
Output current into outputs (LOW)	

Static discharge voltage	
(per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001 V
Latch-up current	> 200 mA

### **Operating Range**

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	<b>V<sub>CC</sub></b> <sup>[7]</sup>
CY62167DV30LL	Industrial	–40 °C to +85 °C	2.20 V to 3.60 V

# **Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Deremeter	Description	Test Conditions		CY	62167D	V30-55	CY	62167D	V30-70	Unit
Parameter	Description			Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[8]</sup>	Max	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[8]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	$V_{CC} = 2.20 V$	2.0	-	-	2.0	-	_	V
		I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.0 mA	$V_{CC} = 2.70 V$	2.4			2.4			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	$V_{CC} = 2.20 V$	Ι	-	0.4		-	0.4	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 mA	$V_{CC} = 2.70 V$							
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 2$	2.7 V	1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V
		$V_{\rm CC} = 2.7  \text{V}$ to 3	3.6 V	2.2			2.2			
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V to } 2$	2.7 V	-0.3	-	0.6	-0.3	-	0.6	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V				0.8			0.8	
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	$GND \le V_I \le V_{CC}$		-1	_	+1	-1	-	+1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}$ , output disabled		-1	-	+1	-1	-	+1	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply	$V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$	$f = f_{Max} = 1/t_{RC}$	Ι	15	30	-	12	25	mA
	current	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA CMOS levels	f = 1 MHz		2	4		2	4	
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic power-down current – CMOS inputs	$\frac{\overline{CE}_{1} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2}{V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2}$ f = f <sub>Max</sub> (address	/, V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.2 V, and data only),	_	2.5	22	_	2.5	22	μΑ
I <sub>SB2</sub>	Automatic power-down	$f = 0 (\overline{OE}, \overline{WE}), \sqrt{CE} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2$		_	2.5	22	_	2.5	22	μA
	current – CMOS Inputs	$\begin{array}{l} {\sf CE}_2 \leq 0.2 \ {\sf V} \\ {\sf V}_{{\sf IN}} \geq {\sf V}_{{\sf CC}} - 0.2 \ {\sf V} \\ {\sf f} = 0, \ {\sf V}_{{\sf CC}} = 3.6 \end{array}$	V or V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 0.2V,							

#### Notes

Notes
5. V<sub>IL(min.)</sub> = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
6. V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.75 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
7. Full Device AC operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from 0 to V<sub>CC(min.)</sub> and V<sub>CC</sub> must be stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub> for 500 μs.
8. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.



# Capacitance

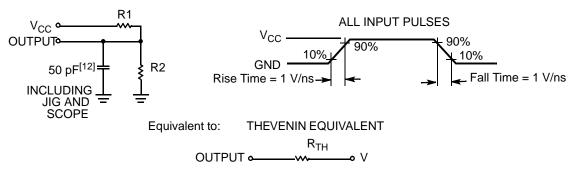
Parameter <sup>[10]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	8	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	pF

# **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter <sup>[10]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	VFBGA	TSOP I	Unit
$\theta_{JA}$		Still air, soldered on a 3 x 4.5 inch, 2-layer printed circuit board	55	60	°C/W
θ <sup>JC</sup>	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		16	4.3	°C/W

# **AC Test Loads and Waveforms**





Parameters	2.5 V	3.0 V	Unit
R1	16667	1103	Ω
R2	15385	1554	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	8000	645	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	1.20	1.75	V

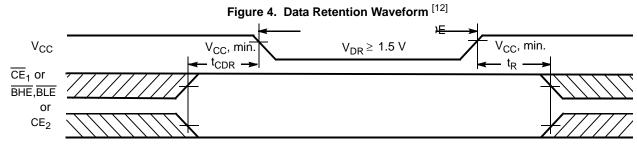


# **Data Retention Characteristics**

#### Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Тур <sup>[9]</sup>	Max	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention		1.5	-	-	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub>	Data retention current		-	_	10	μΑ
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	-	-	ns
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Operation recovery time	CY62167DV30LL-55	5 55	-	-	ns
		CY62167DV30LL-70	) 70			

### **Data Retention Waveform**



#### Notes

- 9. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$ ,  $T_A = 25$  °C. 10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters. 11. Full device operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min.)} \ge 100 \,\mu s$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min.)} \ge 100 \,\mu s$ .

12. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Chip can be deselected by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



# **Switching Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter <sup>[13]</sup>		55	ns	70 ns		
Parameter [10]	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle						
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read cycle time	55	-	70	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	_	55	-	70	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	10	-	10	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to data valid	_	55	-	70	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid	_	25	-	35	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to low Z <sup>[14]</sup>	5	-	5	_	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to high Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>	_	20	_	25	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to low Z <sup>[14]</sup>	10	-	10	-	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH and CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to high Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>	_	20	_	25	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to power-up	0	-	0	-	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH and CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to power-down	_	55	_	70	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to data valid	_	55	_	70	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to low Z <sup>[14]</sup>	10	-	10	-	ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE/BHE HIGH to high Z [14, 15]	_	20	_	25	ns
Write Cycle [16]	]			•		
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	55	-	70	-	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to write end	40	-	60	-	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	40	-	60	-	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	-	0	-	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	-	0	-	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	40	-	45	-	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	BLE/BHE LOW to write end	40	-	60	-	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	25	-	30	-	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	-	0	-	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to high-Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>	_	20	_	25	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to low-Z [14]	10	-	10	-	ns

- Notes
  13. Test conditions for all parameters other than Tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 1 ns/V, timing reference levels of V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, and output loading of the specified |<sub>0L</sub>/l<sub>OH</sub> as shown in the "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" section.
  14. At any temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZDE</sub>, t<sub>HZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
  15. t<sub>HZOE</sub>, t<sub>HZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the overlap of WE, CE<sub>1</sub> = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE and/or BLE = V<sub>IL</sub>, and CE<sub>2</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub>. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the Write.



### **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 5. Read Cycle 1 (Address Transition Controlled) <sup>[17, 18]</sup>

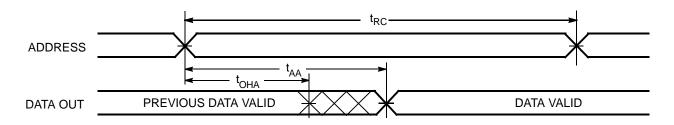
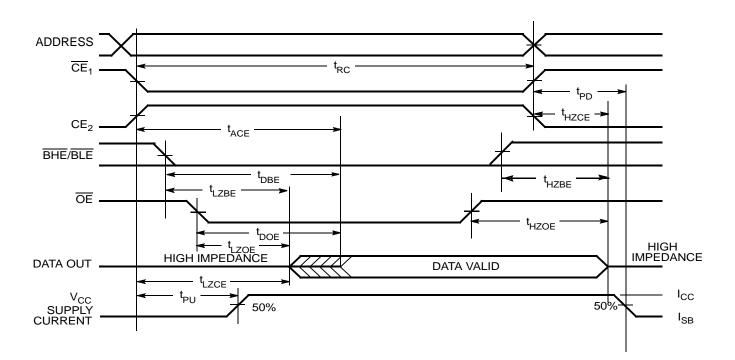


Figure 6. Read Cycle 2 (OE Controlled) <sup>[18, 19]</sup>



- 17. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . 18.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle. 19. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{CE}_1$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$  transition LOW and  $CE_2$  transition HIGH.



### Switching Waveforms (continued)

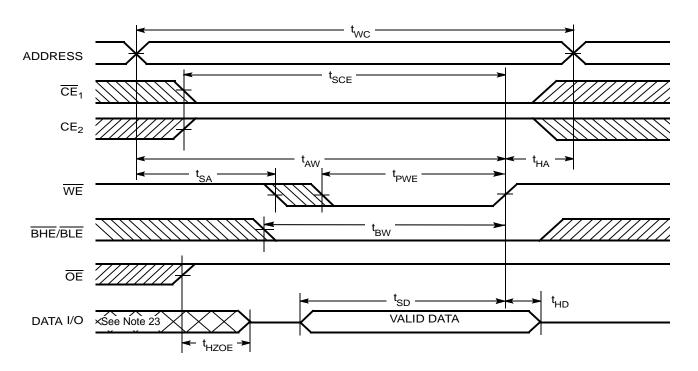
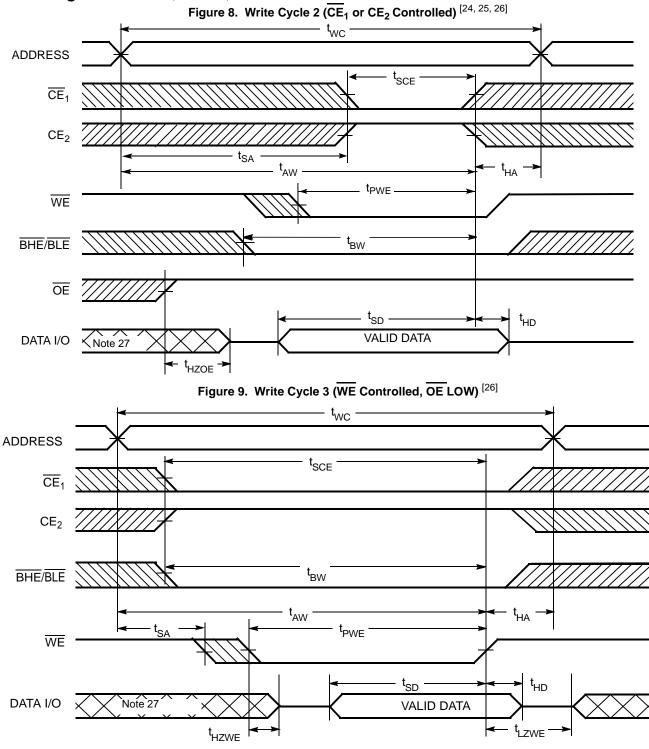


Figure 7. Write Cycle 1 (WE Controlled) <sup>[20, 21, 22]</sup>

- 20. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the Write.
- 21. Data I/O is high-impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{\text{IH}}$ . 22. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{\text{IH}}$ , the output remains in a high-impedance state. 23. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.



#### Switching Waveforms (continued)



- 24. The internal Write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the Write.
- 25. Data I/O is high-impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ . 26. If  $\overline{CE}_1$  goes HIGH and  $CE_2$  goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high-impedance state. 27. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.



# Switching Waveforms (continued)

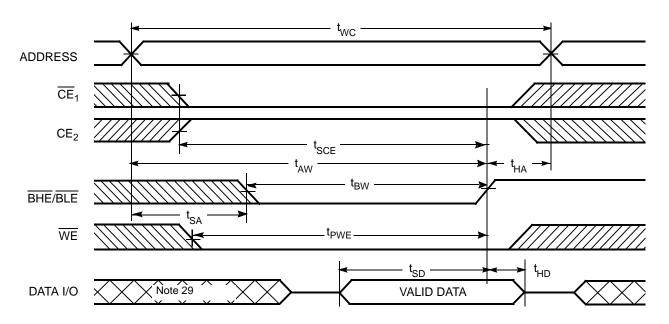


Figure 10. Write Cycle 4 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW) <sup>[28]</sup>

Notes \_\_\_\_\_\_ 28. If CE<sub>1</sub> goes HIGH and CE<sub>2</sub> goes LOW simultaneously with  $\overline{WE} = V_{IH}$ , the output remains in a high-impedance state. 29. During this period, the I/Os are in output state and input signals should not be applied.





# Truth Table

CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
Х	Х	Х	Х	Н	Н	High Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Η	L	Н	L	High Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); Data out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	Data out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); High Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> -I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	High Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); Data in (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	Data in (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> ); High Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

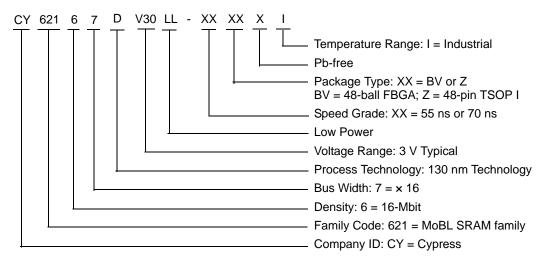


# **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62167DV30LL-55BVI	51-85178	48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1 mm)	Industrial
	CY62167DV30LL-55BVXI		48-ball FBGA (8 x 9.5 x 1 mm) Pb-free	
	CY62167DV30LL-55ZXI	51-85183	48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) Pb-free	
70	CY62167DV30LL-70BVI	51-85178	48-ball FBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1 mm)	

Please contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts

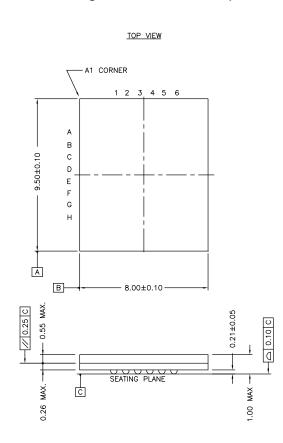
#### **Ordering Code Definitions**

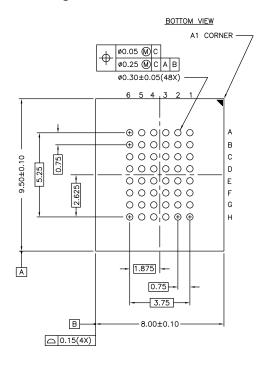




# **Package Diagrams**

Figure 11. 48-ball VFBGA (8 × 9.5 × 1 mm) BV48B Package Outline, 51-85178





51-85178 \*C

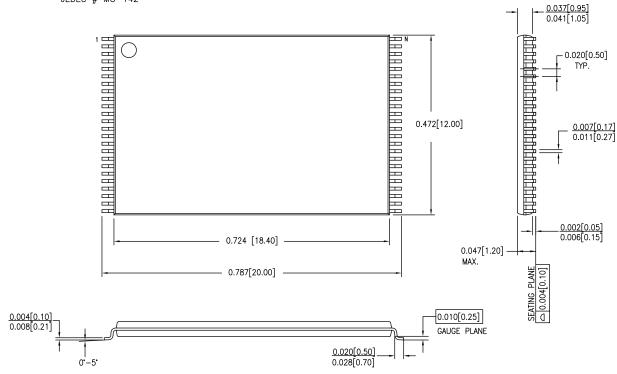




### Package Diagrams (continued) Figure 12. 48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) Z48A Package Outline, 51-85183

DIMENSIONS IN INCHES[MM] MIN. MAX.

JEDEC # MO-142



51-85183 \*C



# Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
I/O	Input/Output
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
TSOP	Thin Small Outline Package
VFBGA	Very Fine-Pitch Ball Grid Array

## **Document Conventions**

#### Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degrees Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μΑ	microampere
mA	milliampere
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt





# **Document History Page**

Document Title: CY62167DV30 MoBL <sup>®</sup> , 16-Mbit (1 M × 16) Static RAM Document Number: 38-05328				
Revision	ECN	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
**	118408	GUG	09/30/02	New data sheet.
*A	123692	DPM	02/11/03	Changed status from Advanced to Preliminary. Added package diagram
*В	126555	DPM	04/25/03	Minor change: Changed Sunset Owner from DPM to HRT
*C	127841	XRJ	09/10/03	Added 48 TSOP I package
*D	205701	AJU	See ECN	Changed BYTE pin usage description for 48 TSOPI package
*E	238050	KKV/AJU	See ECN	Replaced 48-ball VFBGA package diagram; Modified Package Name in Ordering Information table from BV48A to BV48B
*F	304054	PCI	See ECN	Added 45-ns Speed Bin in AC, DC and Ordering Information tables Added Footnote #12 on page #4 Added Pb-free packages on page # 10
*G	492895	VKN	See ECN	Modified datasheet to explain x8 configurability. Removed L power bin from the product offering Updated Ordering Information Table
*H	2896036	AJU	03/19/10	Removed 45-ns. Removed inactive parts from Ordering Information. Updated Packaging Information Updated links in Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information.
*	3067267	RAME	11/08/10	Updated datasheet as per new template Added Ordering Code Definitions. Added Acronyms and Units of Measure. Updated all table notes to footnote. Package diagram updated 51-85178 from ** to *A
*J	3329789	RAME	07/27/11	Removed references to AN1064 SRAM system guidelines. Updated template according to current CY standards.
*K	4108382	AJU	08/29/2013	Updated Pin Configurations: Removed the note "Ball H6 for the FBGA package can be used to upgrade to a 32M density" and its reference in Figure 1. Updated Package Diagrams: spec 51-85178 – Changed revision from *A to *C. Updated in new template.
*L	4192919	VINI	11/15/2013	No technical updates. Completing Sunset Review.
*M	4574377	VINI	11/19/2014	Added related documentation hyperlink in page 1.



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