

ELE 491

Senior Design Project Proposal

These slides are loosely based on the book Design for Electrical and Computer Engineers by Ford and Coulston. I have used the sources referenced in the book freely and without re-attribution. Please see the book for full source attribution



ELE 491

Senior Design Project Proposal

Class 5 – Requirements
Specification

Requirements Specification

Overview

- Project Flow
 - Identify problems
 - **Create requirements**
 - Generate/evaluate conceptual solutions
 - Decomposition
 - Modeling and Design
 - Validation
 - Delivery

Requirements Specification

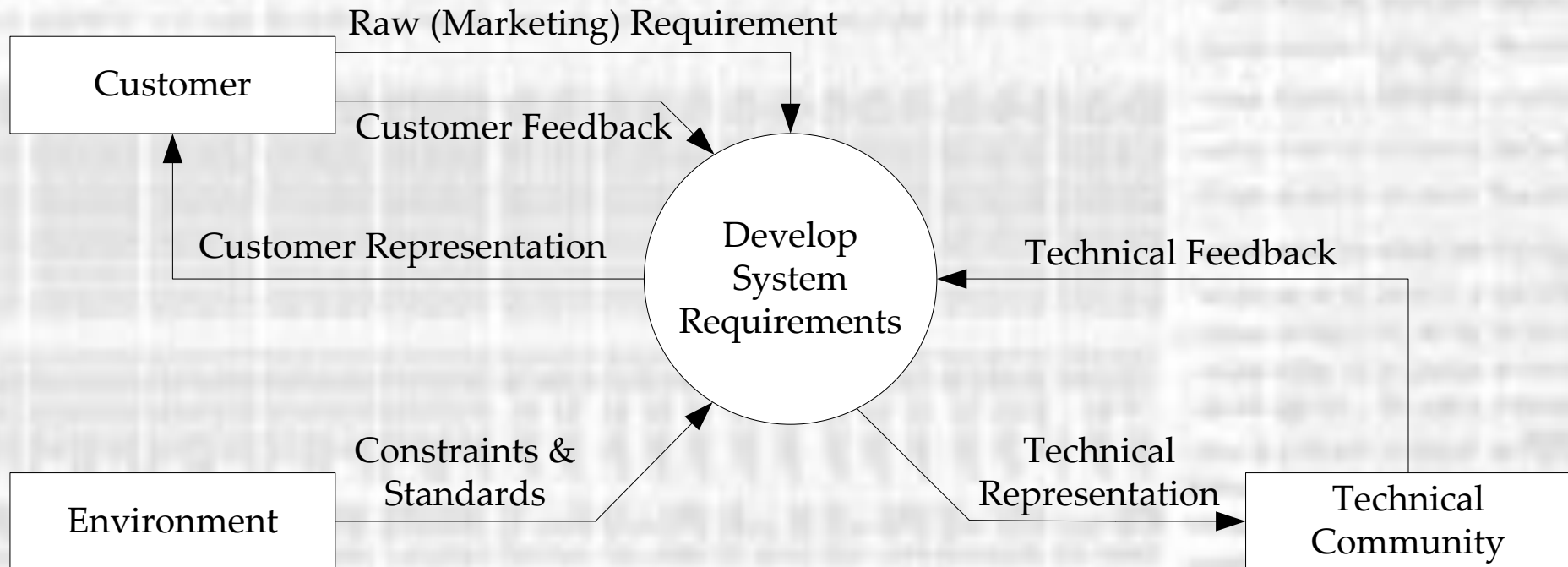
Overview

- Requirements Specification
 - Identifies the requirements a design must satisfy to be successful
 - Gates most decisions in the design process
 - Does the proposed solution meet the requirements?
 - Complete, but flexible enough to allow innovation
 - Common document used by all stakeholders to define expectations
 - Customer, marketing, design, test, manufacturing

Requirements Specification

Overview

- Influence Diagram



IEEE Std. 1233-1998

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Key Properties of Engineering Requirements
 - Abstract
 - What – NOT How
 - Minimized
 - Verifiable
 - Measurable
 - Can be demonstrated
 - Provable
 - Unambiguous
 - Traceable
 - Can be tracked back to a marketing or product requirements
 - Realistic

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Inputs to Engineering Requirements
 - Marketing requirements
 - Business requirements
 - Cost, strategy, manufacturing, distribution
 - Constraints
 - External conditions
 - Standards
 - Formalized constraints
 - Safety, Reliability, Communications, Data format, Mechanical, Medical

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Engineering Requirement Chart

Marketing Requirements	Engineering Requirements	Justification
1, 2	1. The <i>total harmonic distortion</i> should be <0.1%.	Based upon competitive benchmarking and existing amplifier technology. Class A, B, and AB amplifiers are able to obtain this level of THD.
Marketing Requirements <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The system should have excellent sound quality. The system should have high output power. 		

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Engineering Requirement Generation
 - Workshops
 - Brainstorm sessions
 - Surveys, interviews
 - Observation
 - Benchmarking
 - Prototyping
 - Literature search

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Typical Engineering Requirements
 - Functionality
 - Convert altitude to a 5 digit number
 - Initiate and receive calls
 - Sense wheel/tire position
 - Device performance
 - Altitude accuracy of +/- 3 ft
 - Operate on UMTS and LTE systems at full data rates
 - Position accuracy of 0.025 radians wrt. TDC
 - These include not only operational aspects but also
 - Energy, health and safety, maintainability, manufacturability, reliability and usability

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Typical Engineering Requirements
 - Business
 - Direct costs
 - Components, manufacturing, unit licenses, distribution
 - Indirect costs
 - Development, licenses, marketing, warranty/repair
 - Time to market
 - Strategic impact

Requirements Specification

Engineering Requirements

- Properties of a Good Requirements Specification
 - Orthogonal
 - Complete
 - Consistent
 - Bounded
 - Modifiable

Requirements Specification

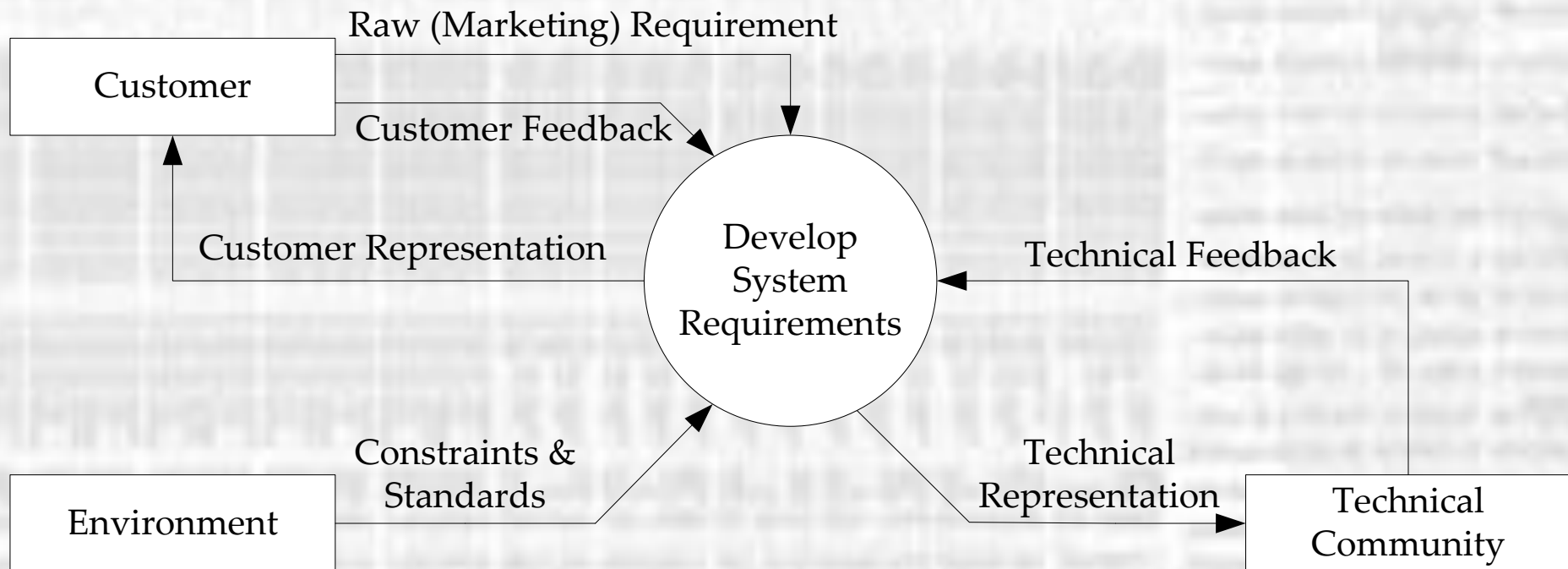
Engineering Requirements

- Test of a Good Requirements Specification
 - Is each requirement traceable to a product or business requirement
 - Is it reasonable
 - Is it necessary (possibly a duplicate)
 - Is it consistent with the other requirements

Requirements Specification

Review

- Iterative Process !
 - Some requirements will be impossible or impractical
 - Must reconcile the requirements with all stakeholders



Requirements Specification

Case Study

Car Audio Amplifier

Marketing Requirements	Engineering Requirements	Justification
1, 2, 4	1. The <i>total harmonic distortion</i> should be $<0.1\%$.	Based upon competitive benchmarking and existing amplifier technology. Class A, B, and AB amplifiers are able to obtain this level of THD.
1-4	1. Should be able to sustain an <i>output power</i> that averages ≥ 35 watts with a peak value of ≥ 70 watts.	This power range provides more than adequate sound throughout the automobile compartment. It is a sustainable output power for projected amplifier complexity.
2, 4	1. Should have an <i>efficiency</i> (η) $>40\%$.	Achievable with several different classes of power amplifiers.
3	1. <i>Average installation time</i> for the power and audio connections should not exceed 5 minutes.	Past trials using standard audio and power jacks demonstrate that this is a reasonable installation time.
1-4	1. The <i>dimensions</i> should not exceed 6" x 8" x 3".	Fits under a typical car seat. Prior models and estimates show that all components should fit within this package size.
1-4	1. <i>Production cost</i> should not exceed \$100.	This is based upon competitive market analysis and previous system designs.
Marketing Requirements <ol style="list-style-type: none"> The system should have excellent sound quality. The system should have high output power. The system should be easy to install. The system should have low cost. 		

In Class Activity