Homework Score	/ 5
Quiz Score	/ 5
Total	/ 10

- 1. (5 pts) Consider the signal $x(t) = \cos(100\pi t) + 2$.
 - (a) What is the Nyquist sampling rate for x(t)? Be sure to specify the units for your answer.

$$X(f) \qquad X(\omega)$$

$$\frac{1}{100} \frac{1}{100} \qquad x(\omega)$$

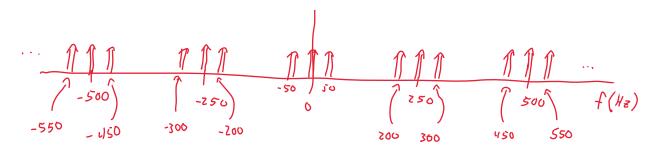
$$= Nyquist Rate is$$

$$100 Hz$$

$$100 Hz$$

$$= 200 \pi rad/s$$

(b) Suppose x(t) is sampled using impulse-train sampling. The sampling frequency is 250 Hz. Make a sketch showing the spectrum of the sampled signal. The frequency axis must span the range from -500 Hz to +500 Hz. You are not required to accurately label the amplitude axis.



(c) What is the Nyquist sampling rate for the signal $x^2(t)$?

$$\chi^{z}(t) = (\cos(100\pi t) + 2)^{z}$$

$$= \cos^{z}(100\pi t) + 4\cos(100\pi t) + 4$$

$$= \frac{1}{z} + \frac{1}{z}\cos(z\cos\pi t) + 4\cos(100\pi t) + 4$$

$$\therefore \text{Max Frequency is } 100 \text{ Hz or } 200\pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\therefore \text{Nyquist Rate is } 200 \text{ Hz or } 400\pi \text{ rad/s}$$