

Notation

$E[f(X, Y)] \leftarrow$ The mean of $f(X, Y)$

e.g.

$E[X+Y] \equiv$ the mean of $X+Y$

suppose $Z = X+Y$

let $m_Z =$ the mean of $Z = E[Z]$

and similarly for m_X & m_Y .

then ~~m_Z~~ $m_Z = m_X + m_Y$

So we can say...

$$E[X+Y] = m_X + m_Y$$

$\text{Var}(f(X, Y)) \leftarrow$ The variance of $f(X, Y)$

e.g.

$\text{Var}(X) \equiv$ the variance of X

suppose X has a std. dev. of σ_X

then we know that the variance

is by definition the square of the std. dev.,

so

$$\text{Var}(X) = \sigma_X^2$$

we can also define variance like this:

$$\text{Var}(X) \equiv E[(X - E[X])^2] = E[(X - m_X)^2]$$

that is, the mean of ^{the squares of} the difference from the

random values from their mean

"Mean Square Error"

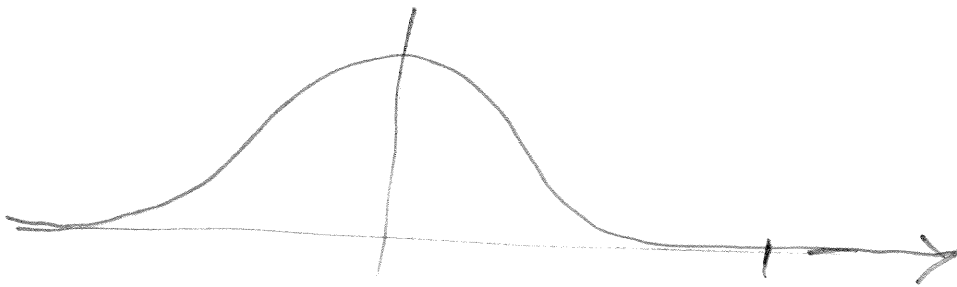
One sample

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(and 9-2)



Means the same?



Need statistic of sameness

Difference of means:

$$D = M_2 - M_1 = \frac{X_{2,1} + X_{2,2} + \dots + X_{2,N}}{N} - \frac{X_{1,1} + X_{1,2} + \dots + X_{1,N}}{N}$$

Assume samples are distributed according to (see next page)

$$D \sim \mathcal{N}\left(0, \sqrt{\frac{\sigma^2 + \sigma^2 + \dots + \sigma^2 + \dots + \sigma^2}{N^2} + \frac{\sigma^2 + \dots + \sigma^2}{N^2}}\right)$$

normal (Gaussian) distribution

mean

std

normal (Gaussian) distribution

mean

std

So $\frac{D}{\sigma/\sqrt{2}} \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ ← charts for this.

$$\cancel{\text{Var}(X - E[X])^2}$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = E[(X - E[X])^2]$$

$$\text{Var}(aX) = E[(aX - E[aX])^2] = a^2 \text{Var}(X)$$

$$\text{Var}(D) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{\sigma^2 + \sigma}{N} X_{2,1} + X_{2,2} + \dots + X_{2,N} - \frac{X_{1,1} + X_{1,2} + \dots + X_{1,N}}{N}\right)$$

$$= \text{Var}\left(\frac{X_{2,1}}{N}\right) + \text{Var}\left(\frac{X_{2,2}}{N}\right) + \dots + \text{Var}\left(-\frac{X_{1,1}}{N}\right) + \text{Var}\left(\frac{X_{1,2}}{N}\right) + \dots$$

$$= \frac{1}{N^2} \text{Var}(X_{2,1}) + \dots + \frac{(-1)^2}{N^2} \text{Var}(X_{1,1}) + \frac{(-1)^2}{N^2} \text{Var}(X_{1,2}) + \dots$$

$$= N \cdot \left(\frac{1}{N^2} \sigma^2\right) + N \cdot \left(\frac{1}{N^2} \sigma^2\right)$$

$$= \frac{2\sigma^2}{N}$$

$$\sigma_D = \text{std}(D) = \sqrt{\text{Var}(D)} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{N}} \sigma$$

$$\text{so } \mu_D = 0, \quad \sigma_D = \sqrt{\frac{2}{N}} \sigma$$

$$\text{Let } Z = \frac{D}{\sqrt{\frac{2}{N}}} = \sqrt{\frac{N}{2}} \frac{D}{\sigma}$$

$$\mu_Z = 0 \quad \sigma_Z = \frac{\sigma_D}{\sigma} = \frac{\sqrt{\frac{2}{N}} \sigma}{\sigma} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{N}} \sqrt{\frac{N}{2}} = 1$$

so Z has a mean of 0 and the same std. as the samples a std. of 1.

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