

SE1021 Exam 2

Name:

You may have an 8.5x11 note sheet for this exam. No calculators or other study aids on this exam. Write your initials at the tops of the following pages and read through the exam before you get started.

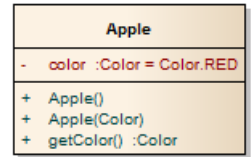
Throughout the exam, write *concisely* and underline key words or phrases.

Have fun!

Name: _____

1. (5 points) In your own words, **describe** what an instance is.

2. (5 points) Consider the Apple class in the UML diagram on the right. **Write** a couple lines of code to call the instance method `getColor()` from **outside** of the Apple class. Declare all variables that you use.



3. (5 points) **Write** two differences between an abstract class and an interface.

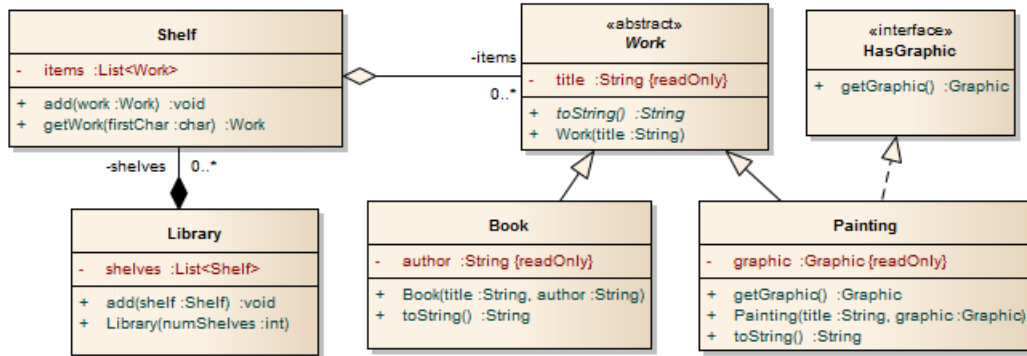
4. (5 points) **Name** two Java classes/interfaces – one whose instances are “event sources”, and one whose instances are “event listeners.”

5. (5 points) Java Swing provides a framework for responding to user actions. When a button is pressed, some of your code should be run. **Describe** how the framework determines what code to run.

(I don't expect you to need the space below this line.)

9. (17 points – 2 points for each multiple choice, 1 point for the true/false.)

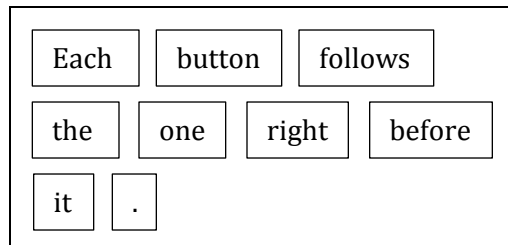
Consider the UML diagram for the program below. This program is similar to the one on Exam 1, but there are several key differences.



- a. **Select** one. The relationship between *Work* and *Book* is
- Composition
 - Aggregation
 - Inner-class
 - Inheritance
 - Implementation
- b. **Select** one. The relationship between *Library* and *Shelf* is
- Composition
 - Aggregation
 - Inner-class
 - Inheritance
 - Implementation
- c. **Select** one. The relationship between *HasGraphic* and *Painting* is
- Composition
 - Aggregation
 - Inner-class
 - Inheritance
 - Implementation
- d. **Select** one. As indicated on the diagram, the `toString` method of *Work* is...
- abstract
 - volatile
 - void
 - static
 - final
- e. **Select** one. As indicated on the diagram, the `title` variable of *Work* is...
- abstract
 - volatile
 - void
 - static
 - final

(continued from previous page – see figure there)

- f. **Select** one. Which of the following statements is valid?
- Book b = new Book();
 - Work w = new Book("John Hancock","Declaration of Independence");
 - Book b = new Work();
 - Work w = new Work("My Masterpiece");
- g. **Select** one. Which of the following statements is valid if lib is a Library?
- lib.add(new Book());
 - lib.add(new Shelf("Top shelf"));
 - lib.add(new Book("Dean & Dean","Java"));
 - lib.add(new Shelf());
- h. **Circle** one: true / false: A shelf can contain more than one book.
- i. **Select** one. (Unrelated to the diagram on the previous page.) Which layout manager would be best for designing this layout:



- FlowLayout
 - BorderLayout
 - BoxLayout
 - GridLayout
10. (8 points) Considering the UML diagram from Problem 5, write the entire add method for the Library.

11. (5 points) Consider this code-snippet.

```
public class Gui extends JFrame {
    private String title;
    ...
    public JFrame() {
        ...
        JButton b = new Button("Press me");
        b.addActionListener(e->System.out.println(title));
    }
}
```

Write whether or not it is legal for the lambda expression above to access the instance variable `title`, and **explain** your answer.

12. (10 points) **Write** an anonymous inner class implementing the `ActionListener` interface. This interface contains one method: `void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e);`. Your action listener should set the text of the variable `textLabel` to "hi" when it is called. **Assign** the variable `a` to point to an instance of your anonymous inner class.

13. (5 points) Consider an `ActionListener` that listens to multiple buttons. **Describe** one technique the action listener could use to determine which button was clicked.

14. (5 points) Suppose you call a method that throws a `FileNotFoundException`, a checked exception. **Describe** the consequences of not catching this exception with a try-catch block.